The Columbian.

VOL 38. BLOOMSBURG, PA. THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1903. NO. 20

NOT TO BLAME.

Coroner's Jury Exculpates Nagle and Hoffman for Death of Ruth Swayze.

Citizens Give Evidence.

The jury empanneled by Coroner B. F. Sharpless of Catawissa to inquire into the death of little Ruth Swayze whose life was crushed beneath the trolley car in front of her parent's home in Berwick on Tuesday of last week, met at the St. Charles Hotel in Berwick Saturday evening to hear the evidence and render a verdict. The jury was composed of Edward Schenke, foreman, Philip Clemens, Hud Kline, James Ruch, Harry Rabert, and Kinney Freas.

District Attorney A. W. Duy was present and assisted the coroner in taking the deposition.

Ray Hoffman who was the motorman on the car, was first heard. He stated that he had seen the little ones playing in the street when some distance away and had given the customary warning with the bell. He saw the child run out from behind the pile of shingles and directly in front of the car. He stopped the car as quickly as possible but it had already passed ove. her.

Conductor Nagle was in the rear of the car when the accident occurred, and of course his evidence was mainly to show the rate of speed at which the car was traveling. The cars, he said never run through the borough limits at a greater speed than about eight miles an hour. He was not familiar with the special speed regulation in the borough. In answering a question as to motorman Hoffman's carefulness, he replied that he was considered the most careful and watchful motorman in the company's employ. Others who testified were James Smethers, Andrew Depuy, Mrs. C. H. Fritz, George Clemens, Frank Carey and Henry Cope. The evidence of all of them tended to show that the occurrence was an accident and wholly unavoidable. District Attorney, after the testimony had closed, stated that there was no state law which provided for fenders on trolley cars. The municipal law he said made provision for them.

The jury after some deliberation returned this verdict:

"That the jury finds that Ruth Swayze met her dea.h by being run over by car No. 2 of the Columbia & Montour Trolley Company on the first day of May, 1903 at 2:35 p. m., and that Conductor Nagle and motorman Ray Hoffman of said car are exonerated from any blame in connection with said death. We further find that the speed of cars at certain times has exceeded that prescribed by borough ordinances and recommend that the required limit of speed be observed. We further recommend that the cars should be equipped with fenders or some other safety device whereby such accidents might be averted in the future."

ORGAN RECITAL.

Several hundred people attended the organ recital given by Prof. Alexander of Wilkes-Barre, in the M. E. Church last Friday night. The program was interspersed with vocal solos by Mrs. Harry Barton and Mr. O. H. Yetter, and a violincello solo by Prof. Alexander, and with selections by the male quartette, Messrs. Colley, Yost, Ent and Yetter. Mrs. Fred Holmes was the accompanist. It was a very pleasing program. The organ selections might have been of a more popular character if there been fewer of the piano and andante movements, and a little more brass band, but it was very artistic, and enjoyed by those present.

SHOT BY ACCIDENT.

While demonstrating the advantages of a Winchester riflle to Simon Kunkle at Jamison City on Friday, Mark Andrews accidently shot himself in the foot. The ball entered the foot near the toes and came out near the heel. Dr. Carey dressed the wound, but as the patient suffered considerably he was taken to the Williamsport Hospital for treatment. Dr. Carey was of the opinion that there was a small fragment of the shoe in the wound.

A SOCIAL EVENING.

Car Shop Men Entertained at the Parish House.

On Monday afternoon there were distrubnted at the shops of the Bloomsburg Car Mfg. Co. cards reading as follows:

"The Rev. D. N. Kirkby invites the men of the Bloomsburg Car Works to spend a social evening at the Parish House, Tuesday, May 12th at 8 p. m.

Pursuant to this invitation a goodly number gathered, though not nearly so many as there ought to have been. An informal program had been rrranged. Mr. W. P. Meigs opened the proceedings by stating that the object of the gathering was to give the men an idea of what the Protestant Episcopal Church is, and to overcome the prejudice that seems to exist in many places, that it is the church for the wealthy and fashionable, and not for the poor. Dr. A. K. Aldinger then favored the audience with two songs, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Frank Colley, and Mrs. J. K. Miller played three selections on the violin. Refreshments were served, consisting of coffee, sandwiches and wafers. Rev. Mr. Kirkby then addressed the audience. He said he wanted it distinctly understood that he had no thought of influencing any present who were members of other churches, to leave their own church and come to ours, but if there were any present who were not connected with any church he urged upon them the necessity of going to church somewhere, and said that they would be welcome at any time to St. Paul's. He spoke of the prejudice often existing against this church by people who know nothing of the history, the aims, and purposes of the Episcopal Church. Some people think of it as a church where they read everything out of a book and the clergymen wear funny kinds of vestments but he would be very glad to explain at any time that there is something more than that in this church. His address, which was an informal talk, lasted about fifteen minutes. He was followed by Col. Freeze in a few brief remarks, who said that by reason of developments in electricity the different parts of the earth have been brought very close together. We read in our morning papers accounts of what happened yesterday in China and Egypt, and other distant points. So the Christian religion and the churches have drawn men closer together, all aiming at the same mark, no matter to what church they belong, all christian men believing in the same Almighty Father, the same Son of God, and the same Holy Spirit, and such gatherings as this cannot help but strengthen all the churches.

Prayers were then offered by Mr. Kirkby and all joined in saying the Lord's Prayer, after which all were invited over to look at the church. Some present had never been inside the building before. A few selections were played on the organ by DeForest Hummer and Geo. E. Elwell, and then the evening's entertainment came to a close. It was a novel idea on the part of Mr. Kirkby, and was most successfully and agreeably carried out.

TOWN FINANCES.

The town statement appears this week in the *Republican* and *Morning Press*. The total liabilities are $80,489.17, and the total assets $41,624,76. In the assets are included a number of items which will never be available as cash to reduce the indebtedness. They are as follows:

Fire apparatus.....	$ 7100.00
Town Hall & lot.....	15000.00
	$22100.00

This subtracted from the assets named above would leave only $19,524,76, which deducted from $80,489.17, leaves the indebtedness $60,964.41. This is upon the supposition that all the taxes due on the duplicates of 1895, 1896, 1901, and 1902, amounting to $12,585.82 shall be collected. The indebtedness will be increased by whatever amount is lost on these duplicates.

The funded debt as stated is $62,745.00. The floating debt not secured by bonds is $17,744.17.

The auditors report that the books of the President, Secretary, and Treasurer are in excellent condition.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business April 9th, 1903.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments,	$404,591.20	Capital Stock.	$60,000.00
Farniture and Fixtures,	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits, (Net)	45,538.74
Cash and Reserve,	90,889.45	Circulation,	60,000.00
		Individual Deposits,	326,189.39
		Bank Deposits,	11,752.52
	$503,480.65		$503,480.65

A. Z. SCHOCH, PRESIDENT. WM. H. HIDLAY, CASHIER.

CALENDARS FOR 1904.

Samples now Ready at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Don't place your order out of town before you see our lines. We can save you money, and we know it. Call and see samples, or a postal card will bring them to you.

NOW IS THE TIME TO ORDER.

COLUMBIAN PRINTING HOUSE,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

GET PRICES ON FENCE WIRE,
Smooth and Barb
AND
MYER'S Spray Pumps.

—o—

FOR SALE BY

J. G. Wells,
General Hardware,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Synopsis of Regular Monthly Meeting.—An Interesting Session.

ALL POLES TO BE TAXED.

The town law makers held an interesting session Thursday night. The meeting attracted quite a goodly number of citizens some of whom evidenced a lively interest in the proceedings. Men who never before attended a council meeting were there Thursday night, not because of the importance of any of the business to be transacted, but simply as one of them expressed himself to the COLUMBIAN reporter, "to see the municipal body in action." It was truly an interesting session and all the members entered into the work of transacting the business that came before them with a spirit that was exhilerating and showed that they have the good of the town at heart.

Chairman Hughes of the Highways Committee, in his report, stated that no definite action had yet been taken in the matter of the proposed sewer on Fifth street. The committee was therefore continued.

The committee appointed at a previous meeting to investigate the complaint made regarding the unsanitary condition of Snyder's Run was also continued as they have not yet arrived at a decision as to the proper remedy. They made an examination, however, and found that there was just cause for complaint. There is considerable stagnant water in the run and it will become more baneful to health as the hot season advances unless something is done.

Street Commissioner Neyhart reported many pavements in a bad state of repair. Secretary was instructed to notify property owners to place same in good condition or the work will be done by the town at owners' expense.

After an extended discussion it was decided that all garbage must be buried in the coal ash banks at the foot of Market street, and that the dumping of garbage and waste paper along the Light Street road and along Fishing creek must cease.

Harry Dawson, for the Rescue Fire Company asked council to make some arrangement to haul the company's apparatus to and from fires. Referred to Fire Committee.

The following petition was presented by C. W. Miller, Esq.

To the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, gentlemen:

The undersigned citizens and taxpayers of the Town of Bloomsburg, most respectfully ask your honorable body to ordain the following highways, viz:

1. Fifth street from its present terminus westward to the western side of Magee avenue.
2. Leonard street from Fifth street to Sixth street.
3. Magee avenue from Fifth street to Sixth street.
4. Sixth street from West street to the public road east side of Fishing creek.

To the petition was affixed the signatures of seventy-three citizens.

Two-thirds of the expense of the paving of this street with brick Mr. Miller stated would be borne by the property owners. The matter was referred to the committee on Highways.

A communication was read asking that the fee for making an arrest be increased from 50 cents to $1.00, but as it was without a signature it was consigned to the waste basket.

The Sons of Veterans were given permission to use third story of Town Hall for drill purposes.

The Secretary was instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the new Iron street road, said bids to be based on plans made by Town Engineer. It was decided that definite action in the matter of a special tax for the construction of the road will be taken at the next special meeting.

In the matter of taxing telegraph, telephone, electric light and trolley poles, it was decided to count the poles and a tax for each will be determined upon at the next meeting.

It was moved and seconded that the tax duplicates of 1895 and 1896 be placed in the hands of the solicitor for prompt collection.

The tax rate of 9 mills for built up, 6 mills for suburban and 4½ for farm, was fixed same as last year. Of course whatever special tax is levied for the construction of the Iron street road will be added to the above.

Bills were approved after which the meeting adjourned.

CLOTHES OF QUALITY

Our smart, handsome Spring Suits are decidedly well bred—and you can call them "Clothes of Quality," for they certainly contain all the qualities appreciated by good dressers. The newest fabrics are here in single and double-breasted sacks, with the new narrow collars and lapels.

The suits have not been out of the makers' hands long enough to loose their bloom of freshness—splendid time to make your selection.

BENCIDDING
Bloomsburg, Penn'a.,
Corner Main and Center Sts.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

TURN YOUR STEPS RIGHT

TO OUR STORE

If you are looking for Carpets. Stock the Best and Choicest we have ever shown you. And prices? Just consider the bargains we offer in an

All Wool Velvet for $1.00.

You cannot match it anywhere. Heavier goods at higher prices. Always bear in mind you have a variety from

20c. to $1.50 to Select From.

To Clean up—three patterns in stock.

All Wool Ingrains at 55c. per yard.

Furniture
For Every Room.

Go-Carts
Celluloid Handles.

Wash Goods
Cool things for Summer.

Groceries
We Eat 'Em.

The Leader Dep't. Store,
4th & Market Streets.,
Bloomsburg, Penn'a.

A STRICT LIBEL LAW

Governor Pennypacker Signs Grady-Salus Bill.

OPPOSED BY PENNSYLVANIA PRESS

He Claims Measure Will Not Harm Reputable Newspapers—Aimed at Reckless Journalism Only.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 13.—Governor Pennypacker has approved the Grady-Salus libel bill and at the same me issued a long statement giving the asons for his action. The bill, which is in the governor's hands for more an a month, goes into effect immeiately and repeals all laws or parts of ws inconsistent with the new act.

The governor claims there is nothing in the terms of the measures which prevents any newspapers from making such comments upon legislative measures or upon the official acts of state, municipal, county or public officers as are proper for the information of the public or are in the line of legitimate public discussion.

Continuing, he says: "The bill in its applicaton is not confined to officials, but affects as well the citizen or business man, whose conduct constitutes no part of the right of the public to information.

"Within the last quarter of a century two presidents of the United States have been murdered, and in each instance the cause was easily traceable to inflammatory and careless newspaper utterance. Crimes are widely propagated not by the malice, but by the recklessness of the press, and in certain classes of cases, among them murder, the accused are at times convicted or acquitted before they reach the court room."

The governor concludes his statement as follows: "The proposed legislation has been regarded by a large proportion of the reputable press with great misgivings. It is natural that this should be the case. The future is ever uncertain, and the easy way to avoid the dangers ahead is to stand still. This is nevertheless not a wise course. The boy conscious of many lapses who is invited by a stern father into a private room enters with a dread, and yet the purpose may only be to arrange for the coming holidays. When the gardener comes with his hoe into the garden which has been left to run wild it is safe to say that it is the mullein and not the pea which is likely to suffer. This bill may not be the best possible legislation, but the purpose is commendable, and should experience show it to be defective something better may e devised. It ought to be cordially nd cheerfully accepted by the reputale press, for they have a special interst in it becoming a law. Where the ares occupy the ground the wheat perishes. It threatens them with no danger. Seeking to utter the truth and not the falsehood, what have they to fear?

"With a serious sense that the evil is of more than ordinary moment, with full knowledge of the importance of the press and of its value to mankind through all past struggles and with the hope and belief that the greater care and larger measures of responsibility brought about by this law, tending to elevate the meritorious and repress the unworthy, will promote its welfare while benefiting the community, I approve the bill."

Model City at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—It is likely that a considerable number of American cities will maintain a municipal pavilion as part of the model city or install a municipal exhibit as part of the general exhibition of the Louisiana Purchase exposition. The committee on legislation has begun a movement to induce the municipal lawmaking bodies to make appropriations to this effect. New York city already has made an appropriation of $10,000. Boston is at work on a similar appropriation and preliminary steps have been taken in Washington. Secretary Carles E. Reeves of the committee on legislation has addressed to the mayors of the twenty-five largest cities of the United States a letter urging that each city make a representative exhibit.

University Rooms at Manila.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 13.—At a meeting of the undergraduates it has been decided to raise $1,000 for furnishing a room in the new $25,000 Institutional club at Manila. The students were prompted to this action by an address by the Rev. Dr. Henry Talbot of the Protestant Episcopal church of Manila. He urged the need of having rooms fitted out by the students of different universities, to be supported by them. Harvard, Yale and the University of Pennsylvania will also fit out rooms in the building.

Lombardi's Reception at Home.

BOSTON, May 13.—When Lombardi, the Italian who was under arrest on suspicion of being the murderer of Miss Nellie Sturtevant at Medford, Mass., just released from custody, arrived here he was given a hearty reception. Fully 300 Italians cheered him and shook his hand. At his boarding place the crowd made Lombardi speak, and he said a few heartfelt words in appreciation of their kind reception.

Four Hundred Powder Kegs Explode

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 13.—An explosion at the Grace Dale Powder mills of 400 kegs of powder, ignited, it is said, by a spark from a passing locomotive, shook the community for many miles around. Only one man was seriously injured. He was violently thrown to the ground, and his clothing was burned from his body. The mixing house was burned to the ground.

RICHARD HENRY STODDARD.

Last of American Poets of the Old School Is Dead.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Richard Henry Stoddard, the last member of the "old guard of American poets," is dead at his home, 329 East Fifteenth street, from rheumatism of the heart incidental to advanced age.

Mr. Stoddard had been ill for some time, and it is believed that his death was hastened by grief as the result of the recent death of his wife and his son, Lorimer Stoddard.

The last literary work upon which Mr. Stoddard was engaged was in connection with his "Recollections Personal and Literary," a volume of memoirs covering a period of more than fifty years and affording a glimpse of many of the foremost writers of the past half century, including Hawthorne, Edgar Allen Poe and Thackeray. This work will be issued probably in the autumn.

It is expected that the funeral ceremony will be on Friday morning, and interment will be at Sag Harbor, where the late Mrs. Stoddard and Lorimer Stoddard, the son, are interred.

Mr. Stoddard was America's oldest poet and New York's most interesting figure in literature. He had been writing for over half a century, the field of his literary career extending over a period that embraces all that is worth mentioning in American literature. Up to quite recently he continued his work of literary criticism.

In recent years Mr. Stoddard had been doubly afflicted. The loss of his wife was a sad blow to him, and an affliction of the eyes almost caused blindness.

Mrs. Stoddard, herself a writer, died on Aug. 1, 1902, after being watched and cared for to the end by the aged poet, who was then familiarly called the "white haired minstrel of New York." She died in the house, 329 East Fifteenth street, that had been their home for a quarter of a century. The time was exactly four months from their golden wedding anniversary.

Mrs. Stoddard was Elizabeth Drew Barstow, born in Mattapoisett, Mass., May 6, 1823. She wrote fiction.

Richard Henry Stoddard was born at Hingham, Mass., in 1825. In the town records the history of the family goes back to 1638. His immediate ancestors were seafaring men. He came to New York in early life, and the story of his struggles against poverty and to gain an education is full of interest. Success came at last, and he became one of the foremost literary figures in America.

OTTAWA'S SUBURB IN RUINS.

Fire Swept Building and Lumber Yards—Thousands Homeless.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 11.—A fire suspected of being of incendiary origin yesterday afternoon and evening destroyed hundreds of houses and millions of feet of lumber in this city.

Fifteen million feet of lumber were destroyed. The loss on the lumber will be about $300,000. The buildings burned were principally dwelling houses and stores. The loss on the buildings is estimated at about $3,000,000. Mayor Cook said that there were from 500 to 600 families homeless, or about 2,000 individuals.

Freight House Burned.

WEST BOYLSTON, Mass., May 13.—The West Boylston station, the freight house and the milk depot on the Massachusetts Central division of the Boston and Maine, have been destroyed by fire. Nothing remains but a mass of charred timbers. It was only through quick and hard work that the bridge over the Clarendon mill canal was saved. The fire was discovered on the roof of the station and was supposed to be set by sparks from a passing engine. The new American Telephone and Telegraph company's wires opposite the building were put out of business. Of sixty wires but ten are now left.

A Successful Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 13.—The thirtieth annual convention of the National Association of Charities and Correction, one of the most successful and best attended in the history of the organization, came to an end last night. The principal address of the evening session was by Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Barrows, secretary of the New York Prison Aid association, who discussed the treatment of criminals.

To Honor New York's Bishop.

ROME, May 13.—After the next consistory, when the announcement of the installation of Mgr. Farley as archbishop of New York will be made, Mgr. Farrely, secretary of the American college in Rome and privy chamberlain to the pope, will leave for the United States to take to the new archbishop the pallium sent him by the pope as a mark of honor.

Big Railway Fire at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 13.—The Lake Shore and Wabash transfer sheds at the corner of Van Rensselaer and Elk streets have been destroyed by fire, and the flames are spreading to adjacent property. Three alarms have been sent in, and the firemen are making a desperate effort to get control of the rapidly spreading fire.

Wireless For British War Ships.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, May 13.—It is announced that the British admiralty has decided to immediately install the wireless system of telegraphy on all the vessels of the North American and West Indian squadron. The apparatus for the cruiser Tribune has arrived here.

Seventh Suicide With Carbolic.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 13.—An unknown man was found dead in his room at the Clarendon hotel. He had taken carbolic acid. This is the seventh case of suicide by carbolic acid here this year.

PRESIDENT IN FRISCO

Chief City of the Golden State's Great Welcome.

MILES OF CHEERING HUMANITY.

Troop of Colored Cavalry Lead the Guard of Honor—Grand Banquet at the Palace Hotel Ends the Day.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Heartier greeting was never given a president of the United States than that offered by the city of San Francisco to Theodore Roosevelt. Through miles and miles of densely packed, cheering, patriotically enthused humanity the nation's chief passed, bowing his acknowledgments, evidently wearied by maintaining an erect position in his carriage, but buoyed up by the impressiveness of the demonstration. It was a magnificent ovation.

The presidential train, drawn by a handsomely decorated locomotive, arrived promptly on time. A large gathering of federal, state and city officials, army and navy officers, foreign consuls and distinguished citizens was in waiting to welcome the chief magistrate.

Mayor Schmitz stepped aboard the rear car and formally greeted Mr. Roosevelt, the president making a brief response.

Before entering his carriage Mr. Roosevelt stepped up to the locomotive and warmly shook hands with Engineer McGrail and Fireman Everly, who had piloted him safely from the south. In the parade the line was headed by a troop of colored cavalry, this being the first instance in the west where negro soldiers have held the position of honor in a public procession. Following the president came United States troops from the local posts, sailors and marines from war ships in the harbor and at Mare island and regiments of the state militia.

After reviewing the parade the president was escorted to the Y. M. C. A. building, where a throng had assembled to participate in the burning of mortgages and notes representing the total indebtedness of $115,280 upon the property. The president by request touched a lighted match to the documents, and as the flames licked up the papers he joined with the assemblage in singing "The Doxology." The president then made a short address.

The president was banqueted at night at the Palace hotel by the citizens' committee.

At the Hotel Del Monte President Roosevelt spent one of the most restful Sundays he has had since his trip began. In the afternoon he attended St. John's chapel on the hotel grounds.

On Monday the president arrived at Santa Cruz and from there visited the giant trees of California. Luncheon was served by twenty of Santa Cruz's prettiest young ladies. The Pioneers' society presented the president with a silver plate, and a tree was dedicated to him.

Not to Repeat Roosevelt Accident.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., May 13.—The police of this city served summonses upon the officials of the Pittsfield Electric Street Railway company to answer to the charge of violating the city ordinances regulating the speed of street cars. This action by the police is indirectly the result of the accident to President Roosevelt and party last September, when the president's carriage was struck by one of the company's cars and Secret Service Agent Craig was killed. The complaints are the result of the watchfulness of various citizens resulting from the accident to the president who say that they have timed the cars and found that they were being run at an excessive speed.

Labor Trouble Injunction.

OMAHA, Neb., May 13.—Judge Dickinson in the district court, on application of John O. Yeiser, an attorney representing the labor unions whose members are on strike, has issued an injunction against the business men and proprietors even more sweeping than that issued by the federal court against the unions last week. The order restrains the business men from refusing to sell goods to dealers who employ union labor, prevents them from boycotting union labor, requires the Business Men's association to cease holding meetings or conspiring against the unions or in any way interfering with the unions in the management of their affairs.

Standing of the Baseball Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	14	5	.737
Chicago	15	8	.652
Pittsburg	15	9	.625
Brooklyn	10	11	.476
Boston	9	10	.474
Cincinnati	11	11	.500
St. Louis	7	16	.304
Philadelphia	5	16	.238

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	12	6	.667
Philadelphia	12	8	.600
New York	9	9	.500
Boston	10	9	.526
St. Louis	8	7	.533
Cleveland	6	9	.400
Detroit	8	10	.444
Washington	5	12	.294

Salt Trust Guilty of Monopoly.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Before Judge De Haven in the United States district court the Federal Salt company was convicted of maintaining a monopoly contrary to the Sherman antitrust law.

Venezuelan Consul at New York.

CARACAS, Venezuela, May 13.—Pedro Rafael Rincones has been nominated consul general for Venezuela at New York, succeeding Elias Gonzales Esteves.

Re-enforcements Sent to Tetuan.

TANGIER, May 13.—The situation at Tetuan is critical. The sultan is sending 3,000 re-enforcements to that port. They are expected to reach there May 22.

BRITISH CAPTURE SOKOTO.

Fulanis Charged the Square With Fanatical Bravery.

LONDON, May 13.—Interesting details have been received here of the capture of Sokoto, in west Africa, by the British column commanded by Colonel Morland. The British numbered about 500 men, with four quick firing guns and four Maxims. The enemy's horse and foot were estimated to number some 6,000 men, their riflemen being armed with modern rifles and using smokeless powder.

The British camped during the night near Sokoto after a hard march of a hundred miles from Kaura, with but little water and having passed through a difficult country. At daybreak the British moved out in square formation toward the valley in which Sokoto lies. Immediately after the British appeared over a ridge the Fulanis charged with fanatical bravery, undeterred by a withering Maxim and rifle fire. They had no proper leadership, but the isolated bands continued to advance over heaps of dead and dying, often only individuals reaching within a yard of the square, where, refusing quarter, they were shot down while shouting "Allah!" with their last breath.

The main body of the natives was finally routed, leaving a remnant of about thirty chiefs around the emir's great white flag. These chiefs were defiant to the last, and their corpses were found hedging the standard when the British entered the city, which consisted mostly of thatched houses. Its semi-ruined walls extended seven miles round the place and were pierced by eight gates. A few days later the populace returned, and the Fulanis tendered their submission to Commissioner Lugard, who installed a new emir. The British then retired toward the coast, leaving a garrison of two companies of infantry.

CAPTAIN PERSHING'S COLUMN.

Moros of Taraca Thoroughly Subdued.

MANILA, May 11.—Captain Pershing and his column have returned to Camp Vicars, Mindanao, from the expedition through the country east of Lake Lanao. The column experienced no opposition after the fighting at Taraca. The prisoners captured at Taraca took the oath of allegiance to the United States and were released.

Among the Moros killed in the Taraca forts were nine dattos and one sultan. The moral effect of this fight will be far reaching, and it is doubtful if there will be any further hostility in the Lake Lanao country. Captain Pershing estimates the population of Taraca at 30,000 and that of the district at 100,000. He says the population of the Lake Lanao district has been underestimated.

Four natives have been found guilty of the murder of three American marines at Olangapo, Subig bay, last September and have been sentenced to death.

The ladrone situation seems to have materially improved. In Albay province it is still unsatisfactory, but the other districts which recently have been disturbed are quieter.

Labor Riot at Valparaiso.

SANTIAGO, Chile, May 13.—Owing to a great strike of dock laborers at Valparaiso all business has been suspended there. Riotous strikers have destroyed street cars and have committed other excesses, several persons have been killed, and great excitement prevails.

Bubonic Plague at Callao.

PANAMA, May 13.—According to a cablegram received from Callao, Peru, there were five cases of the bubonic plague there on Saturday, seven new cases on Sunday and six new cases on Monday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call easy at 2½@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5½ per cent. Exchanges, $245,044,937; balances, $15,604,620. Closing prices:

Amal. Copper	65⅝	N. Y. Central	129½
Atchison	79⅝	Norf. & West	71⅛
B. & O.	91⅝	Penn. R. R.	129⅝
Brooklyn R. T.	65⅝	Reading	54⅞
Ches. & Ohio	44¼	Rock Island	44⅛
Chi. & Northw.	182½	St. Paul	160⅝
Erie	34⅞	Southern Pac.	54⅝
Gen. Electric	192	Southern Ry.	30¼
Illinois Cen.	139	South. Ry. pf.	93
Lackawanna	252½	Sugar	126
Louis. & Nash.	118¼	Texas Pacific	35
Manhattan	141½	Union Pacific	89⅞
Metropolitan	131½	U. S. Steel	34½
Missouri Pac.	112	U. S. Steel pf.	83⅜

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady; Minnesota patents, $4@4.30; winter straights, $3.50@3.60; winter extras, $2.80@3.10; winter patents, $3.70@4.

WHEAT—Opened easy on government report figures, but rallied later on light room covering; July, 77⅝@77⅞c.; September, 74 13-16@75c.

RYE—Steady; state, 56@59c., c. i. f., New York; No. 2 western, 59½c., f. o. b., afloat.

CORN—Dull, but fairly steady on further rains in Nebraska and Iowa.

OATS—Inactive, but fairly well sustained; track, white, state, 38@45c.; track, white, western, 38@45c.

PORK—Steady; mess, $18.25@18.75; family, $19.

LARD—Dull; prime western steam, 9.20c.

BUTTER—Firm; state dairy, 17@21c.; extra creamery, 22c.

CHEESE—Steady; state, full cream, fancy, small, colored and white, old, 13@15c.; large, colored and white, old, 13@14¾c.; small, colored, new, 12c.; small, white, new, 12c.; large, colored, new, 11¾c.; large, white, new, 11¾c.

EGGS—Weak; state and Pennsylvania, 17c.; western, storage packed, 17c.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 3-16c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 11-16c.; refined steady; crushed, 5.40c.; powdered, 4.90c.

TURPENTINE—Steady at 49@49½c.

MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans, 31@40c.

RICE—Quiet; domestic, 4¼@7c.; Japan nominal.

TALLOW—Dull; city, 5¼c.; country, 5½@5⅝c.

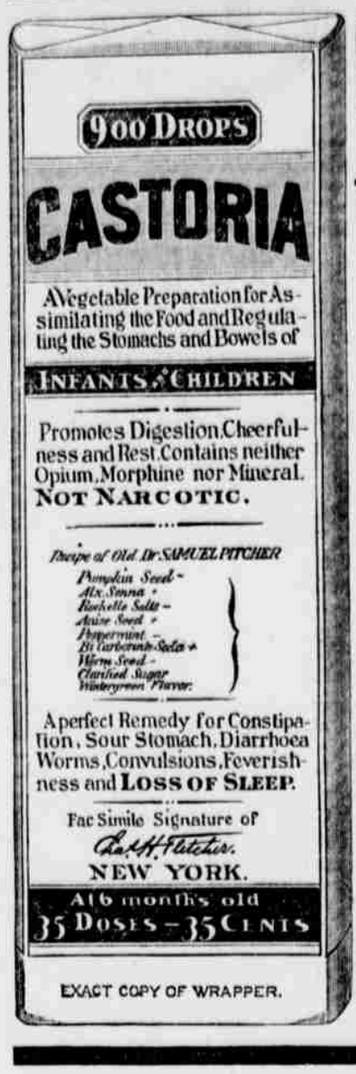
HAY—Dull; shipping, 70@75c.; good to choice, $1@1.15.

Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Market steady; choice, $5.30@5.40; prime, $5@5.20; medium, $4.75@4.85; veal calves, $6@6.50.

HOGS—Market lower; prime heavies, mediums and pigs, $6.30; heavy Yorkers and light Yorkers, $6.75@6.80; roughs, $5@6.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady; prime wethers, $5@5.20; culls and common, $2@3; choice lambs, $7@7.25.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Henry Millard's Fine Candies. Fresh Ever Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Sole Agents for JUPITER, KING OSCAR, COLUMBIAN WRITTEN GUARANTEE, Etc. Also F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2 Doors above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE by W. S. RISHTON.

Special ow Rates of Fare to California via acka wanna Railroad.

For the occasions of National Association of Master Plumbers, San Francisco, and The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, Los Angeles, ticket agents of the Lackawanna Railroad will sell first class excursion tickets good going on May 2nd, and May 11th to 17th inclusive, for $66.25 round trip, which is considerable lower than the one way fare. For particulars as to variable routes, return limits, and stop overs, consult Lackawanna ticket agents.

4-16-5t

WANTED—SEVERAL INDUSTRIOUS PERsons in each state to travel for house established eleven years and with a large capital, to call upon merchants and agents for successful and profitable line. Permanent engagement. Weekly cash salary of $18 and all traveling expenses and hotel bills advanced in cash each week. Experience not essential. Mention reference and enclose self-addressed envelope. THE NATIONAL, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. 5-7 16t 8-20

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	RETAIL PRICES.
Butter, per pound	$ 24
Eggs, per dozen	16
Lard, per pound	15
Ham, per pound	15 to 16
Beef (quarter), per pound	6 to 8
Wheat, per bushel	1 00
Oats, do	40
Rye, do	60
Flour per bbl.	4.00 to 4 40
Hay, per ton	15 00
Potatoes, per bushel	75
Turnips, do	40
Tallow, per pound	06
Shoulder, do	12
Bacon, do	16
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples, per pound	05
Cow hides, do	3½
Steer do do	05
Calf skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn, per bushel	80
Corn meal, cwt	2 00
Bran, cwt	1 20
Chop, cwt	1 50
Middlings, cwt	1 40
Chickens, per pound, new	12
do do old	12
Turkeys do	18
Geese, do	1
Ducks, do	14

COAL.

Number 6, delivered	
do 4 and 5 delivered	
do 6, at yard,	
do 4 and 5, at yard	

PHOTOS

For the Satisfactory Kind in Up-to-date Styles, go to

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartman's Store)

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CAPTURED THE WRONG LION.

Compliment Intended for Noted Lecturer Falls to the Head Waiter.

The career of a social lion hunter is liable to be attended with an occasional disappointment, even though on the whole successful. Burton Holmes, on some of his tours as a lecturer, has been considerably lionized, and he tells this story of a compliment which he missed, but which was enjoyed by another, says the New York Times. He was lecturing in an eastern city, and a reception was given in his honor at the principal hotel of the place.

Among those who attended this reception was a woman prominent socially, who has established a sort of "salon," and received her friends Sunday afternoons, trying to provide a "lion" or two for each occasion.

Burton Holmes was so fortunate as not to be presented to the fair lion hunter, but she presented herself to the man she had stalked for her game, and urged upon him her invitation for the Sunday afternoon. He very modestly attempted to decline it. His excuses were not accepted, and the victim consented to appear. Extra arrangements were made for this occasion, and the fact that Mr. Holmes was to be there was heralded abroad. On the day all the youth and beauty of the place gathered together awaiting the advent of a somewhat tardy lion, who was received with every mark of consideration, and appeared to be embarrassed thereby. The head waiter had been mistaken for the eminent lecturer.

ENTERING THE CAPITOL.

Strangers Are Easily Distinguished by the Way They Ascend the Steps.

"When you see a man or woman climbing the steps to the west front of the captiol you may bet he or she is a stranger in Washington," said an old attache of the national capitol building, according to the Washington Star.

"Ninety-nine out of 100 persons who enter the capitol from the west are persons who are paying their first visit to the building; depend upon it. After they are here awhile they will make the pilgrimage by car and land themselves around on the east side, and thus escape climbing so many steps. Strangers invariably think the west side of the capitol is the front.

"At the last session of congress I noticed one day a man enter the corridor puffing and blowing and trying to catch his breath. When he cooled off sufficiently to talk corherently he gasped:

"'Will you direct me to the house of representatives?'

"I did so, and he passed on. The next day I saw him enter from the east side with a western congressman. The fellow was perfectly passive, and seemed pleased that he had found the easiest way of getting to the capitol. It was evident that the trip to the capitol had been made in a street car which landed him on the hill, and that the congressman had put him on."

PROTECTING THE BIRDS.

England Is Far Ahead of America in Preventing Ravages on the Songsters.

The protection of birds has been carried so far in England that fruit growers and farmers are complaining bitterly of the ravages of thrushes, blackbirds and bullfinches. These winged beauties work great mischief in gardens and orchards, says the New York Tribune.

American readers of British books recall with pdeasure vivid descriptions of the diversion of shooting young rooks in the early spring with short-range, small-bore rifles, and of the succulence of the young rook pies cooked by experts. But it now appears that the English rooks have not been thinned out with sufficient thoroughness, and these birds do harm to various farm crops.

East of the Mississippi in most of the states north of the Potomac and the Ohio the protection of birds of every kind has been much underdone. We have no rooks or ravens here, but it is certain we don't protect our winged friends as we ought to protect them.

In a Reverential Sense.

According to President Harris, of Amherst, a word that is looked upon as profanity in Boston may express the deepest sentiment out west, in proof of which he tells the following story: "A rough miner died out west and was laid away by his fellow laborers, with a common slab of stone to mark his resting place. On the stone was this inscription: 'Bill Jenkins; died June 12, 1901. He done his damndest. Angels could do no more.'"

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

SIMPLE STONE SLAB.

Marks the Exact Center of United States Population.

It Lies in a Barnyard, and Indiana Man Who Owns the Place Is Very Proud of His Unique Distinction.

J. Pierpont Morgan, the main shaft of the world's financial machinery, or Andrew Carnegie, the cynosure of millions of people who are receiving the benefits of his philanthropy, could not feel prouder of their respective distinctions than does Henry Marr, just a plain farmer, who resides near Columbus, Bartholomew County, Ind.

By referring to a bulletin issued by the census department it is found that the exact center of population is located at latitude 39 degrees 9 minutes and 36 seconds north, longitude 85 degrees 48 minutes and 54 seconds west. If a person is desirous of visiting the spot a better idea of its location can be secured by asking any resident of Columbus. Almost invariably the answer to such a question will be: "Five miles southwest of Columbus, in Hen' Marr's barn lot."

Marr is the person who enjoys the prominence of being the center man of population of the whole United States. It is quite a distinction, too, and, according to the Cincinnati Enquirer, Marr fully appreciates it. The pivotal stone is merely a small, flat slab sunk into the ground in the barn lot, leaving only the top surface exposed to the central atmosphere. On it is carved the simple inscription "1900." The marker, while not extraordinarily pretentious, is a more elaborate affair. Several hundred farmers and other visitors were present the day the stones were placed in position.

Once inside the inclosure no trouble is experienced in finding the monument. It is planted in the ground about 18 feet from the corner of the

STANDING ON THE STONE.
(Mrs. Henry Marr Occupying the Center of Her Country.)

huge red barn, which occupies the center of the barnyard. With measured strides and a feeling of awe one advances in respectful silence to the spot. The first impulse to betray real curiosity is evident in a force which invariably compels one to step upon the stone. Not until then does a person realize that he has been paid for taking the trip, for the instant the feet are planted solidly upon the monument the curiosity seeker is suddenly made to fully appreciate the novel inward sensation of imagining 18,650,000 the same number to the west, to the north and to the south.

Many persons from different parts of the United States have already visited the spot, and all have been more or less courteously treated by Farmer Marr and his wife. Tourists happening around the Marr home about meal time will more than likely have an opportunity of finding out what a good cook is Mrs. Marr.

Marr was born 40 years ago and for the last 17 years has resided on the farm on which are located the monuments. The magnificent country home was built a few years ago at a cost of about $8,000. It stands out enticingly on an estate containing 500 acres. The Marr domicile is a model of completeness. It would do credit in appearance to most any residence district of the larger cities, and besides it is fitted out with about all the conveniences one could wish. The family receives its mail daily by rural carrier. Incidentally it might be mentioned that the Marrs were beneficiaries of the first rural delivery route instituted in the United States, the initial route having ramified through Bartholomew county as an experiment from the little town of Hope, near there.

A Japanese Superstition.

No Japanese ever sleeps with his head to the north. This is because the dead in Japan are always buried with their heads in that position. In the sleeping rooms of many of the private houses and hotels a diagram of the points of the compass is posted upon the ceiling for the convenience of guests.

Frog Farms in Canada.

Frogs are raised in large numbers in Canada to supply the demand for frogs' legs in the United States. One frog farm in Ontario last year produced 5,000 pounds of dressed frogs' legs and 7,000 frogs for medical experiments.

Has a Scented Automobile.

A scented automobile is run by Lord Anglesey, a British nobleman. When he goes abroad on his car, instead of the fumes of gasoline or some other noxious odor being left in his train, there is a fragrance of cologne.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, May 11, 1903.

To the consternation and disgust of the Administration, the Porto Rican smuggling scandals will not down. Mail advices of the situation and sentiment in the island are now beginning to arrive and reveal an ugly feeling which has not been equaled since it was decided that the Porto Ricans were not American citizens. It seems that Mr. John S. Hord, chief of the internal revenue bureau, ordered the prosecution of Captain Dunlop Robert Giles and Captain Metz in the absence of Treasurer Willoughby but, he alleges, by Mr. Willoughby's orders. when Mr. Willoughby returned to San Juan he made public an emphatic denial of Mr. Hord's allegation and the latter immediately resigned. His resignation was promptly accepted and the people are indignant beyond expression at what they regard as the forcing out of an official who performed his duty without fear or favor, because he refused to be party to the favoritism of the American Administration and nullify the prosecution of officers because of their rank and influence.

***

Another feature of the incident which has excited the bitterest comment is a communication from Secretary Moody in which he intimated that San Juan was likely to lose the naval station it is proposed to establish there if the prosecution of the smugglers is persisted in. The strongest objection is made to the minimizing, by the members of the Cabinet ,of the extent of the smuggling which, it is claimed, amounted to not "a few cigars and a few bottles of wine" but to hundreds of boxes and cases of these luxuries. Hobart S. Bird, editor of the San Juan News, has been fined $20 and sentenced to five days in jail for coutempt of court because he alleged partiality in the decision of the court and the whole of the San Juan section is in a fever of indignation at the high handed proceedings.

***

Representative Loud has come to Washington, evidently to protect his friend Mr. Machen, Superintendent of the Division of Free Delivery, from the results or the current Postoffice Investigation. Mr. Loud's method of accomplishing this end is unique. He is not attempting to minimize the extravagance of Mr. Machen's administration but is endeavoring to create the impression that this has arisen purely out of the importunities of Congressmen and defects in the system which a reorganization of methods will rectify, implying that Mr. Machen will be all right in his present position if the system is corrected. Senator Lodge has urged upon the Postmaster General the expediency of suspending Mr. Machen because he fears the effects of the scandals upon the political future of the party but Mr. Payne, who describes himself as "no spring chicken," is determined to make no more enemies than he is obliged to and is as loath to suspend or discharge Mr. Machen as he was to call for Judge Tyner's, or Mr. Christiancy's resignation. Like all men of his stamp however, Mr. Payne will be unable to find words with which to express his contempt for Mr. Machen if, as a result of the discoveries of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, the President demands Machen's dismissal. This was the course which Payne pursued with Judge Tyner, and expressing himself with regard to Mr. Christiancy, whom a few days before he had favored as a successor to Mr. Tyner, used terms that would look very ugly in print. Mr. Payne's assumed indignation is, of course, intended to impress the President with his sincerity and is aimed only at men whose friendship the Postmaster General regards as no longer of value.

***

The greatest interest has been created in Washington by the reports received from St. Louis regarding the prominence and apparent popularity of ex President Cleveland, who received quite an ovation. At the banquet given by the Louisiana Exposition officials to the Washington correspondents at which your correspondent was present. Mr. Cleveland made a speech in a strain entirely new to him and which was variously interpreted. Many present believed it was a bid for newspaper popularity and comment upon the fact that Mr. Cleveland failed to take advantage of what was an auspicious opportunity to deny his desire for the democratic nomination. Others, however, regarded Mr. Cleveland's remarks as merely an appeal for friendship without any political significance whatever and pointed to the ex-President's remarks on dedication day, which were of a more religous character than any he had ever made before. This contingent argued that Mr. Cleveland was getting old, that he desired to be at peace with all men and to obliterate a certain antagonism which had long existed between himself and the members of the press. The older democratic correspondents were all pleased, however, with the enthusiasm with which Mr. Cleveland was greeted, maintaining that it should be viewed from its broad side as an indication of growing democratic enthusiasm and was far more patrisan than personal.

***

It appears that in his recently published report General Miles presented one subject with which the large majority of army and naval officers agree, viz., the necessity of fortifying Manila harbor. It is agreed that if the Spaniards had taken the precaution to properly fortify this excellent land locked harbor and emplace a few batteries with modern and effective guns, the history of Admiral Dewey's attack upon the Spanish fleet might have been very different, a view sustained by the Admiral himself, and it is practically assured that Congress will be strongly urged to provide funds for the proper protection of Manilla bay.

***

Some scepticism was expressed by the Democratic press when the immigration bill was passed by the last Congress and, while no definite defects were pointed out at the time, the scepticism now appears to have been waranted. It has just been discovered that the bill contains a clause providing that skilled labor may be admitted when no unemployed labor of the kind can be found in this country and the Treasury Department officials maintain that this nullifies the prohibition of the importation of contract labor when the condition outlined exists, thus leaving the importation of contract labor dependent on the judgment of the immigration of officials.

In Law, Sister to Her Son.

Judge Endlich, of Berks county, made a decree on Thursday allowing James H. Angstant to adopt his grandson, Earl Wesley Helms, as his son and heir. The child's name will be changed to Angstadt. His mother, who is Mr. Angstadt's daughter, now becomes, in the eyes of the law, sister to her own son.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

A. A. CURES | FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES | SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES | SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES | WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES | COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES | COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES | KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES | SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES | BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect January 26th, 1902.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	†6 35	10 00	1 50	†5 25
Cameron	6 47	10 10	†2 01	†5 34
Danville	6 57	10 19	2 11	5 43
Catawissa	7 10	10 32	2 23	5 59
Rupert	7 16	10 37	2 29	6 01
Bloomsburg	7 20	10 41	2 33	6 05
Espy	7 28	10 48	2 40	6 13
Lime Ridge	7 35	†10 54	†2 46	6 20
Willow Grove	†7 40	10 57	†2 50	6 24
Briarcreek	7 44	10 59	†2 53	†6 27
Berwick	7 50	11 05	2 58	6 34
Beach Haven	† 58	†11 12	3 03	6 41
Hick's Ferry	8 07	11 17	3 09	†6 47
Shickshinny	8 17	11 31	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 27	11 39	3 31	†7 09
Nanticoke	8 34	11 44	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 37	11 47	3 42	†7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 52	3 47	7 23
Plymouth Junction	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 48
Bennett	8 58	12 02	4 03	†7 42
Forty Fort	9 00	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming	9 05	12 08	4 12	7 58
West Pittston	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 54
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 14	4 20	7 06
Pittston	9 19	12 17	4 24	8 08
Duryea	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 10
Lackawanna	9 26	12 22	4 32	8 16
Taylor	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Bellevue	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON	9 42	12 35	4 50	8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 10	1 55	†6 10
Bellevue	6 39	10 17	1 59	6 14
Taylor	6 43	10 24	2 03	6 18
Lackawanna	6 48	10 28	2 10	6 24
Duryea	6 53	10 33	2 13	6 26
Pittston	6 57	10 37	2 17	6 30
West Pittston	7 00	10 41	2 19	6 32
Wyoming	7 03	10 46	2 23	6 35
Forty Fort	7 08	10 49	2 27	6 40
Bennett	7 12	10 52	2 31	6 43
Kingston	7 15	10 56	2 34	6 47
Plymouth	7 21	11 00	2 40	6 53
Plymouth Junction	7 30	11 05	2 45	6 58
Avondale	.....	.....	2 49	7 03
Nanticoke	7 35	11 09	2 54	7 08
Hunlock's	7 39	11 13	2 58	7 14
Shickshinny	7 45	11 19	3 06	7 21
Hick's Ferry	7 55	†11 31	3 20	†7 31
Beach Haven	8 07	11 43	3 30	7 41
Berwick	8 13	11 48	3 37	7 48
Briarcreek	8 19	11 54	†3 44	7 53
Willow Grove	†8 23	11 01	†3 50	†8 00
Lime Ridge	†8 27	†12 05	3 54	†8 03
Espy	8 31	12 09	3 58	8 02
Bloomsburg	8 37	12 22	4 06	8 17
Rupert	8 44	12 15	4 12	8 20
Catawissa	8 47	12 25	4 15	8 28
Danville	8 54	12 32	4 2	8 37
Cameron	9 06	12 44	39	
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 21	12 57	4 48	8 52
	9 35	1 10	5 00	9 05
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.

† Runs daily. ‡ Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SOUTH.— B. & S. R. R. —NORTH

ARRIVE. a.m	a.m.	p.m	p.m.	STATIONS.	am	pm	pm	a.m
7.10	12.10	6.00	2.15	Bloomsb'g	8.50	2.87	6.25	6.10
7.08	12.08	5.55	2.10	" P. & P	8.52	2.89	6.27	
7.01	12.02	5.53	2.02	" Main st.	8.55	2.42	6.30	
7.55	11.55	5.42	1.50	Paper Mill	9.05	2.52	6.40	
6.50	11.50	5.39	1.45	..Light st.	9.08	2.55	6.44	6.37
6.40	11.42	5.31	1.30	Orangeville	9.16	3.03	6.53	6.50
6.49	11.33	5.21	1.00	...Forks...	9.26	3.13	6.03	7.10
6.28	11.29	5.17	12.53	...Zaner's..	9.30	3.17	6.07	7.35
6.18	11.21	5.08	12.45	Shickshinny	9.38	3.28	6.18	7.45
6.08	11.13	5.8	12.35	...Fenton...	9.46	3.33	7.23	8.00
6.04	11.09	4.56	12.10	...Edson's...	9.50	3.37	7.27	8.30
6.02	11.06	4.53	12.05	.Cole's Cr'k	9.53	3.40	7.31	8.40
5.53	11.02	4.48	11.53	...Laubach..	9.58	3.45	7.41	8.46
5.43	10.51	4.38	11.45	...Central..	10 05	3.52	7.51	9.00
5.40	10.48	4.35	11.30	..Jam. City.	10.08	3.55	6.55	9 5
am	am	pm	pm		am	pm	pm	a.m
LEAVE				Corrected to Jan. 30, 1902				ARRIVE

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Scott's Emulsion is the means of life and of the enjoyment of life of thousands of men, women and children.

To the men Scott's Emulsion gives the flesh and strength so necessary for the cure of consumption and the repairing of body losses from any wasting disease.

For women Scott's Emulsion does this and more. It is a most sustaining food and tonic for the special trials that women have to bear.

To children Scott's Emulsion gives food and strength for growth of flesh and bone and blood. For pale girls, for thin and sickly boys Scott's Emulsion is a great help.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

WANTED SALESMEN

Liberal Inducements. Prices low. Address THE HAWKS NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y

WOMEN TO DO SEWING on Specialties. $4 per 100. Can make 6 an hour. Material sent free prepaid Send envelope for particulars and testimonials from our workers. Madam Du Pont, Depot. 401, Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 4-23 4t

PATENTS Protect Your Ideas. Consultation free. Fee dependent on success. Est. 1864. MILO B. STEVENS & Co., 884-14th St., Washington, D. C. 4t

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

Schedule in effect Nov. 16, 1902

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury..... leave	† 6 45	† 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 25
Kilnes Grove	† 6 54	† 10 04	.....	† 5 25
Wolverton	† 6 58	† 10 06	† 2 10	† 5 37
Kipps Run	† 7 06	† 10 11	.....	† 5 44
South Danville	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville				
Boyd	† 7 16	† 10 21	† 2 25	† 5 53
Roaring Creek	† 7 23	† 10 28	† 2 31	† 6 01
Catawissa.....Arrive	7 32	10 35	2 36	6 08
Catawissa.....Leave	† 7 32	† 10 35	† 2 36	† 6 08
East Bloomsburg	7 37	10 43	2 45	6 15
Bloomsburg				
Espy Ferry	† 7 42	† 10 47	.....	† 6 19
Stonytown Ferry	† 7 50	† 10 53	.....	† 6 27
Creasy	7 52	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck....Arrive	8 02	11 05	3 05	6 40
Nescopeck.....Leave	† 8 02	† 11 05	† 3 05	† 6 40
Beach Haven Ferry	† 8 09	† 11 14	..	† 6 45
Wapwallopen	8 19	11 20	3 20	6 52
Pond Hill	† 8 25	† 11 25	† 3 25	† 6 56
Moncanaqua	8 31	11 32	3 30	7 01
Sickshinny				
Retreat	8 43	11 42	3 40	7 10
Nanticoke	8 54	11 54	3 49	7 19
Buttonwood	† 9 00	† 12 00	† 3 55	† 7 25
Plymouth Ferry	† 9 02	† 12 02	† 3 57	† 7 28
South Wilkesbarre	9 06	12 06	4 00	7 30
Hazle Street	9 08	12 08	4 03	7 33
Wilkesbarre ....Arrive	9 10	12 10	4 05	7 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre.....Leave	† 7 25	† 10 35	† 2 45	† 6 00
Hazle Street	7 28	10 37	2 47	6 02
South Wilkesbarre	7 30	10 40	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry	† 7 32	† 10 42	† 2 52	† 6 07
Buttonwood	† 7 35	† 10 45	† 2 54	† 6 09
Nanticoke	7 42	10 50	3 01	6 17
Retreat	7 51	10 58	3 10	6 26
Shickshinny	8 01	11 07	3 20	6 37
Mocanaqua				
Pond Hill	† 8 05	† 11 11	† 3 25	† 6 42
Wapwallopen	8 10	11 16	3 31	6 47
Beach Haven Ferry	† 8 14	† 11 21	† 3 36	† 6 53
Nescopeck.....Arrive	8 18	11 26	3 42	7 00
Berwick	† 8 18	† 11 26	† 3 42	† 7 00
Nescopeck				
Creasy	8 30	11 36	3 52	7 09
Stonytown Ferry	† 8 33	† 11 39	† 3 54	† 7 12
Espy Ferry	8 42	† 11 46	† 4 02	† 7 20
Bloomsburg	8 47	11 50	4 06	7 25
East Bloomsburg				
Catawissa.....Arrive	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
Catawissa.....Leave	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
Roaring Creek	† 9 04	† 12 05	† 4 19	† 7 39
Boyd	† 9 10	† 12 11	† 4 26	† 7 46
Danville				
South Danville	9 14	12 15	4 31	7 51
Kipps Run	† 9 19	† 12 20	† 4 5	† 7 56
Wolverton	† 9 25	† 12 28	† 4 2	† 8 03
Kilnes Grove	† 9 27	† 12 30	† 4 5	† 8 16
Sunbury.....Arrive	† 9 35	† 12 40	† 4 55	† 8 15
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

† Daily. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. "f" Stops only on notice to Conductor or Agent, or on signal.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.37 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m daily.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.37 a. m. and 2.43 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.37 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days, 10.43 a. m daily.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova and Kane, 11.50 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8.47 a. m and 4.06 p. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.47 a. m. and 7.25 p. m. week days

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8.47 and 11.50 a. m, week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.47 and 11.50 a. m., and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.06 p. m. daily.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.47 and 11.50 a. m., and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.06 p. m daily.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.47 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.06 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8.47 and 11.50 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.47 and 11.50 a m. week days; Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect November 16, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.37 11.30 a m, 3.33 p. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.37 a m 3.33 p m

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.37 a m 3.33 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.37, 11.30 a m 12.20, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.37, 11.30 a. m. 12.20 4.33, 6.30, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Palmde p ia 8.00 p m., and via Easton 9.10 a m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4. p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6 26, 8.20 a. m 1.30, 3.36 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6 44, 8.38, 11.40 a m. 1.38, 3.46 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut St. and South St. Ferries.

ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY	OCEAN CITY
*6.0" A. M., Lcl.	†8.30 A. M.	*8.45 A. M.
§8 00 A. M., Ex	*8.48 A. M.	§9.15 A. M.
*9.00 A. M., Ex.	§9 15 A. M.	bo1.40 P. M.
§10.00 A. M., Ex.	bo1.40 P. M.	d14.2 P. M.
†10.45 A. M., Ex.	d P. M.	†5 00 P. M.
01.00 P. M., Ex.	§5 00 P. M.	a†5.40 P. M.
†2 00 P. M., Ex.	a†5.40 P. M.	SEA ISLE
†4.00 P. M., Ex		*8.45 A. M.
†4.30 P. M., Ex.		bo1.40 P. M.
†5.00 P. M., Ex.	LAKEWOOD.	d†4.20 P. M.
§5.00 P. M., Lcl.	†8 45 A. M.	d P. M.
a†5 40 P. M., Lcl.	†1.00 P. M.	a†5.40 P. M.
a†5 40 P. M., Ex.	†4.30 P. M.	
*7.15 P. M., Ex.		

a" Daily. "b" Sundays. "d" Weekdays "f" via Subway. "a" South St. 5.30. "b" South St 1.30. "c" South st. 4.00. "d" South St. 4.15 "o" Saturdays only.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut st, 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3362 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. GIDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Beagle Studio!

Prompt attention given to all

Photographic Work

Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements. Made at Short Notice.

The Beagle Studio,

MAIN AND CENTRE STS.

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.
ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upwards

We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one-half price. Musical merchandise of all kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES,

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from $:9.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of

WASH MACHINES

FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.

J. SALTZER.

Music Rooms—No. 115 W. Main Street below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa

THIS REMEDY is sur to GIVE Satisfaction.

Ely's Cream Balm

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the membrane. Restores the sense of taste and smell. Full size, 50c.; at druggists or by mail, trial size, 10c by mail.

ELY BROTHERS 56 Warren St., New York.

CATARRH

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

CASNOW & Co.

Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., 2444 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Capital $100,000 **STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY** Surplus $125,000

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Make no mistake, but deposit your savings in the Strongest Bank.

OFFICERS:

E. W. M. LOW, President, J. M. STAVER, Vice President.
E. B. TUSTIN, Vice President. E. F. CARPENTER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

E. W. M. Low, E. B. Tustin, J. M. Staver, F. G. Yorks, Fred Ikeler, M. I. Low, Frank Ikeler, Geo S. Robbins, Louis Gross, J. H. Vastine S. C. Creasy, H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1903.

Political Announcements.

Subject to the Rules of the Democratic Party.

Primary Election Saturday, June 6th, 3 to 7 P. M.

FOR SHERIFF
W. W. BLACK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR SHERIFF
H. F. DIEFFENBACH,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR SHERIFF
CHARLES B. ENT,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR SHERIFF
B. F. RICE,
of East Scott.

PRIMARY ELECTION CALL.

Notice is hereby given to the Democratic voters of Columbia county that the primary Election for the purpose of voting to place in nomination, the following candidates, towit:

One person for Sheriff.
One person for Jury Commissioner
One person for Coroner.
Five persons for Delegates to the State Convention.

Will be held at the regular polling places (or if such places cannot be obtained then at a place in said district convenient to the regular polling place, which shall be determined by the member of the Standing Committee and the election board of such district where the regular polling place cannot be obtained) on Saturday, June 6th, 1903, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock, p. m., and the County Convention will be held in the Opera House in Bloomsburg, Tuesday, June 9th, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

This call is issued in accordance with Art. III, Sec. 10, of the Democratic Rules of Columbia county.

FREEZE QUICK, Secretary. W. B. ALLEN, Co. Chairman.

CANDIDATES REGISTERED.

The following persons have registered their names as candidates to be voted for on June 6th, for the positions designated, by the Democratic voters of the county. Under the rules no other names can be printed on the official ballot to be used at the primary election.

FOR SHERIFF.
W. W. Black, H. F. Dieffenbach, C. B. Ent, B. F. Rice.
FOR JURY COMMISSIONER.
T. B. Gordner, Adam Sult.
FOR CORONER.
Dr. B. F. Sharpless.
DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION.
Geo. T. Hoppes, C. A. Small, G. B. Hummer, William Bogert, Edward J. Flynn.

The Mansfield, Bath, Milton and Bloomsburg fair associations have entered into a combine as to amusements and special attractions, and whatever one has in the way of boneless wonders and fast horses the other will also have. By this plan a side line of attractions can be gotten at less cost.

THE STATE AT A GLANCE.

—Ephriam Lewis, of Towanda, Saturday morning went to lead a young bull from its stall and the animal buried a horn into the young man's left side, reaching the heart. Lewis was taken to a Sayre hosptaal. He has no chance to recover.

—Cyrus Schmale, a farmer, returned home after a week's work at Oak Grove to find the house locked. On breaking in the door he discovered his wife dead in bed. She had not been seen by neighbors since Thursday, they thinking she was away from home.

—Frank Britton, a 16 year-old boy of Muncy, is in the Williamsport hospital with a bullet wound in the hip. On Sunday he went to take a 22-calliber pistol from his pocket and in doing so discharged it.

—Deputy Factory Inspector E. W. Bishop on Tuesday caused the arrest of A. E. Burdick, manager of the Harvey Silk Mill, at Olyphant, on the charge of employing twenty-two young girls without the certificates required by law. Burdick pleaded guilty and was fined $50 and costs.

—While shooting at chickens scratching up corn Monday afternoon, W. H. Bushnell, superintendent of the Erie Company's farm at Dunmore, sent a Winchester rifle ball clear through the body of four-year old Andrew Bover, son of an Erie Company miner, living near the farm. The child died in two hours. Bushnell gave himself up.

—The constables of Northumberland county were surprised on Monday when Sheriff Samuel Dietric ordered the commissioners to withhold all subpœna money the constables claim belongs to them. He declared he was entitled to it according to the Sheriffs' Fee bill. The sheriff claims that if he has the power he will put a stop to constables going out and hunting for cases, as there will be no compensation, and that this will tend to send nothing but purely criminal cases to court.

—Prof. T. M. West, teacher of Latin at Dickinson Seminary, was brutally assaulted late Monday night as he was returning to the seminary building from down town. As West passed a dark corner at the foot of the campus three men pounced upon him and felled him with a blow in the back. Then, while one sat on his legs and the other on the head, the third beat him unmercifully. They left him in an unconscious condition.

It is thought that his assailants mistook Prof. West for some one else.

Under a new law justices of the peace are required to give the date of the expiration of their commissions in attesting papers. Notaries public have been required to do this for a year or more.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to creep in. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

LEVAN IN JAIL.

Charged With Murder of James McAndrews.—Officials Believe This Arrest Will Bring Results.

Lodged in Jail Monday.

In the detention in the Columbia County prison of a man whose name is Amandus Levan, District Attorney Duy feels almost certain that they have the actual slayer of James McAndrews, who was found lying along the road between Centralia and Aristes, on the morning of March 30th. Levan has been a suspect from the very first, and has been under strict espionage. Suspicion at that time was in every way sufficient to warrant his arrest, but recent developments adds to the strength of the main links in the chain of evidence against him.

The arrest of Levan is the result of some very clever detective work on the part of—— McKelvy, one of Captain Linden's men, of Philadelphia. The day after being informed of McAndrew's death at the Fountain Springs Hospital, by Dr. Biddle, District Attorney Duy went to Philadelphia where he secured the above named secret service man. He came to Aristes, in the guise of a speculator. He spent money lavishly, and by gradual steps worked his way in Levan's friendship. Elmer Minear, was another person whose company the detective sought. The fondness for each other grew until McKelvy proposed a pleasure trip to Bloomsburg. The two agreed, and they left Aristes Sunday afternoon, spending the night in Sunbury and arriving in town Monday morning. Once here it took but a short time to spring the trap, and in less than an hour the two were safe in the keeping of Sheriff Knorr. Minier is charged with highway robbery. Against him will appear Hoyt Yoder, to whom he has already made a confession, and in which he said he was influenced and abetted by Levan.

Levan and Minear are evidently members of a gang which it is believed committed the many crimes in and about Centralia of late. They are both men of bad records, and if the charge against them can be sustained as the District Attorney claims it will be, it will serve to show that they are not only murderers upon occasion but criminals by profession.

They will be given a hearing before Squire Jacoby Monday afternoon.

Williamsport Defeats Normal.

Patrons of the national game got their money's worth at Normal field yesterday afternoon. The game abounded in clever plays and good stick work, two features which kept the large crowd cheering almost throughout the entire contest.

The game for seven innings was close and it looked as though Normal would get away with the "Bill town" professionals. The school boys were backing White up in faultless fashion and that youngster was dishing up a choice variety of twisters and arousing the crowd to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. But things took a turn, sad to relate, and with awful precepitancy too. The visitors opened up in the seventh. Several well placed hits coupled with a little wildness on White's part and some ragged work in the field, netted them eight runs. Aldinger took White out of the box in the last inning and put in McCabe, but it was too late.

Taking it all the way through it was a good game to look at, and Normal will lose no prestige by the defeat.

The same teams play again today.

Score by innings:

Williamsport	1-0-0-0-0-0-3-2-3 - 9
Normal	4-0-0-0.0 0-0-1-0—5

Two base hits—Williams, Marcy, White, Schultz, Maitland, Donovan, Lush. Struck out—by White 1, by McCabe 1, by Maley 3. Base on balls—off White 6. Hit by pitcher—Brader and Lee. Umpire—Sherwood. Time—1.40.

A company has recently bought the logs which composed the cabin in which Lincoln was born, and also those of a cabin in which Jeff Davis spent part of his boyhood, and it was intended to rebuild the cabins at the St. Louis Exposition. By an accident recently these logs got mixed up and cannot be sorted. Now the company is to build a single building of all the logs. What a historical significance there is in this peculiar incident.

An act has been passed and approved, amending the act requiring the burial of deceased veterans at the expense of the county, by increasing the allowance for that purpose to an amount not exceeding $50, instead of $35 as heretofore.

That Tired Feeling

Is a Common Spring Trouble.

It's a sign that the blood is deficient in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that the blood is impure.

It's a warning, too, which only the hazardous fail to heed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove it, give new life, new courage, strength and animation.

They cleanse the blood and clear the complexion.

Accept no substitute.

"I felt tired all the time and could not sleep. After taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a while I could sleep well and the tired feeling had gone. This great medicine has also cured me of scrofula." MRS. C. M. ROOT, Gilead, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Orders Issued For Its Observance By the Commander-in-Chief of Grand Army.

General orders, No. 7.

Headquarters Grand Army of the Republic, Independence Hall, Philadelphia.

1. The passing days bring us again to Memorial Day, when we garland the resting places of our heroic dead with the flowers of budding spring time and droop above them the flag for whose purity and glory they offered their lives. In days agone they were our comrades in that mighty host, whose daring, doing and dying continued the republic and made possible our present glory and greatness as a nation. In the retrospect of Memorial Day we refresh and renew the memories of the past and intensify the comradeship of the present.

"The good deeds left behind them
Form a chain to bind them
To those who linger here".

Let us then, comrades, gather at their graves as at an altar and whilst there voice a prayer of thankfulness that our lives have been spared to enjoy the fruitage of their toil and sacrifice. Let us not forget those who rest beneath the daisy-spangled sod in graves marked "unknown" and who made the sacrifice of giving not only their lives but their name for their country. Strew flowers on the waters in tribute to those of our comrades who sleep peacefully in the gardens of the sea. Let us tell the rising generation of their glorious deeds, and by word and act do our part to continue to the memory of the patriotic dead the reverence of the ever increasing millions living in security and peace in the land saved by the matchless devotion of the Union soldier and sailor. Let our tribute of love, affection and comradeship be characterized by a sincerity and faithfulness that shall render the tribute sacred, and keep Memorial Day devoted to the lofty purpose for which it was designed.

By command of
THOMAS J. STEWART
Commander-in-Chief.

JOHN W. SCHALL,
Adjutant General,

Race Program Arranged.

Agricultural Society officers met at the Secretary's office on the fair Saturday afternoon and arranged the following race program for the fair this fall:

Wednesday—2.27 class trotting, Purse, $400; 2.25 class pacing, Purse, $400; County race for farmers $100.

Thursday—2.21 class. pacing, Purse $400; 2.17 Trotting, Purse $400; Gentleman's Road Race, $100 2.12 class pacing, $400.

Friday—2.18 class, pacing, Purse $400; 2.22 class trotting, Purse $400 Free for all, $500.

The county race is for horses in the county owned at the time the entries close by farmers of the county and to be driven by their owners. The gentleman's road race is also limited to horses owned in the county to be driven by the owners to a four wheeled vehicle.

James C. Brown, E. D. Hagenbuch and Henry Deigmiller were appointed delegates to State College in June.

The premium list is to be thoroughly revised. There are many articles in the domestic manufactures out of style and there are many new products in the ladies needlework department. James C. Brown, W. B. Allen and A. N. Yost were appointed a committee to make such revision.

It was voted to contribute the sum of $35.00 toward the expense of draining the low lands between Seventh and Eighth Streets, which will drain the south west corner of the fair grounds.

Considerable other business was discussed. Every member of the board, eleven in number, was present.

Blank books and all stationery at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Townsend's,

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR SPRING Clothing IS AT

Townsend's.

A Definite Proposition.

We aim to be definite in our advertising; try to have something to say and say it in such a manner that you can understand it.

Advertising space is too expensive to waste in generalities. Those who have goods to buy want to know where they can buy them to the best advantage. We have goods to sell, just the things you want to buy. By making definite statements concerning these goods, the style, the qualities, the prices, we arrest your attention. If investigations follow, then it's up to us to satisfy an old customer or make a new one.

Read the Following Definite Offerings

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Our Ladies' Muslin Underwear section will be a busy spot if prices mean anything. This is the biggest and best assortment of Undermuslins we have ever shown and every piece has a special price on it that we will sell at for one week beginning Tuesday, May 12.

12½c and 15c corset covers 10c.—98c. ladies' night robes 79c.—79c ladies' night robes 59c—30c and 35c ladies' drawers 25c.—$1.10 and $1.15 ladies' white skirts at 98c.

Silk and Mercerised Ginghams.

28c Mercerised Ginghams 17c—50c Silk Ginghams 39c.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits.

If you need or intend to buy a new Shirt Waist Suit just take a careful look through this lot of Suits and you'll buy it here and now. Prices $2.50 to $5.00.

A Big Assortment of Wash Dress Goods.

Prices $1.19 to $2.50.

Linen Dress Goods.

Linen goods selling is at its height. We've bought some special lots of these cool fabrics. They'll be big sellers this season.

White Shirt Waist Linen, 35c to 1.00—Plain Colored Linen Goods 15c to 50c—Linen Batiste, 15c to 25c—Silk and Linen Shirtings 25c to 1.00

HAMMOCKS.

$1.00 to $4.50. $1.00 to $4.50.

F. P. PURSEL.

The supper to be served in the Parish House on Saturday evening, will be prepared on the two new gas ranges just installed there. The proceeds will be applied to paying for the ranges. A good supper will be given for 15 cents. Ice cream and cake extra. Ready at 5 o'clock.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When you want to Open a Bank Account, Have a Check Cashed, Borrow Money or Make an Investment,

CALL ON

THE OLD RELIABLE

The Farmers National Bank

CAPITAL, $60,000. - - SURPLUS $60,000.

C. M. CREVELING, PRES. M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.

DIRECTORS:

J. L. MOYER, GRANT HERRING, H. A. McKILLIP,
DR. WM. M. REBER, N. U. FUNK, C. M. CREVELING,
C. A. KLEIM, DR. J. J. BROWN, C. W. RUNYON.

Your Feet

Will feel fine in a pair of our dainty

Spring Oxfords

$1.00 to $3.00.

Chas. M. Evans,

HYGIENIC SHOES FOR CHILDREN.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1903.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until further notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at :00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 :40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above

D. G. HACKETT.
Superintendent.

The Clerks' Association met in the Y. M. C. A. building last night and elected John Knies president, Elmer McBride, Secretary and Edward Leighow treasurer. The merchants will be asked to close their stores from June 1 to September 1, at six o'clock in the evening, excepting on Saturday evening and the 15th of each month. The early closing movement was adopted last summer and gave satisfaction to all concerned. It enables merchants and clerks alike, to enjoy the pleasant summer evenings without any injury to business.

Keep Date In Mind.

15c. Lunch to be served at St. Paul's Parish House, by St. Margaret's Guild, Saturday May 16th. beginning at 5 o'clock. Ice cream and cake extra. All are welcome. 2t.

[Bell Telephone.]

FISHING TACKLE.

A NEW LINE FOR TROUT.

Look over your old tackle and let us fill in your wants with bright new stock.

—o—

SEEDS.

A full line of garden and flower seeds in packages just received. All fresh and bound to grow.

—o—

W. S. RISHTON,

Market Square Pharmacist.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Seven years in is our business reference. Gem Steam Laundry.

The Friendship Fire Co. will hold a special meeting tomorrow evening.

Two carriers in the rural free delivery service will begin trips from Orangeville on July 1st.

If you want wall paper or window curtains go to Mercer's Drug and Book store.

The Berwick *Daily Enterprise* has been enlarged to a six page paper. It is only a month old.

Base balls, base ball gloves and mits and all ball paraphernalia at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Second hand bicycles, some good bargains at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

A local manager says that it costs $100 per mile for a telephone company to string their line in the country.

Cigars. The Sweet Jaras are the finest in Bloomsburg for a 5c. smoke, try them, at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Rev. A. J. McCann of Locust Gap, formerly of this town, was one of the preachers at the forty hours' service in St. Joseph's R. C. Church in Danville last Monday.

In New York no one dare sell matches unless they have a license. There must not be more than 1000 in a box and the retail dealer must have his name and address on each box.

W. S. Rishton returned from his fishing expedition on Saturday. His catch was not the most extensive of the season but he landed a nice basket full and they were all of good size.

A large procession of relatives and friends accompanied the remains of Mrs. Mary Gulliver from Danville to Bloomsburg on Tuesday. Interment was made in Rosemont cemetery.

J. R. Townsend, Paul E. Wirt, Louis Gross, J. M. Staver, Dr. Arment, Geo. Low and J. L. Dillon attended a meeting of the Knights of the Mystic Shrine at Williamsport last evening.

Z. A. Butt, one of Benton's best known citizens was thrown from a wagon last evening and rendered unconscious. Fortunately he was not seriously injured although he struck on his head and shoulders.

Our people take a good deal of pride in having their yards clean and well kept, and now that the season of the year has arrived for putting them in shape for the coming summer we expect to see each one vie with his neighbor as to which one can do the quicker or the better job.

Bicycles. New ones for $25.00 and they are worth looking at, at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

W. E. Hartman has moved his planing mill to the Harman-Cogger plant on Ninth street, where he has secured sufficient space for his present purposes.

Thrilling colored views of the volcanic eruptions which caused the destruction of Martinique and St. Vincent will be shown at the Opera House on Friday night, May 15th.

John P. Jones is selling his entire stock of boots and shoes and will retire from the business. The room now occupied by him will be occupied by C. W. Miller as a law office.

John E. Vannatta of Lewistown, spent Tuesday night in town with his mother. He is a delegate to the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum meeting at Wilkes-Barre this week.

Wall paper from 8c. per bolt to 40c. per bolt at Mercer s Drug and Book Store.

William H. Coffman has been offered an outfield position on the Hornellsville, N. Y. team. He has informed the Binghamton manager that he will not return. "There's no place like home" to "Bill"

Sweet Potato, Tomato and Egg Plants at Jos. Garrison's, on 5th street. 2t

And now a Michigan chemist says that if men would wear corsets they would never be bald-headed. Well, there may be something in that as we never see bald-headed ladies. Still we prefer no hair to corsets.

Valuable timber near Millville on the land of Lloyd Phillips, John Lotter and George Bills was burned Thursday night last by fire that started in a brush heap. Harman's sawmill on Spruce Run was saved only after a hard fight.

Albert Boyd was arrested on Tuesday by Constable Laugdon and brought to Bloomsburg and is now in jail, to await a hearing on Monday. He is believed to be connected with the crime for which Levan and Minier are being held.

Give us a call and be convinced that we are the best. Gem Steam Laundry.

Andrew Carnegie has given $60,000 in aid of Booker T. Washington's normal school at Tuskegee, Ala. Mr. Washington has lectured in Bloomsburg on two different occasions and Prof. Albert of the Normal School has visited the Tuskegee institution.

The reckless way in which a fine tree is slashed by thoughtless linemen when stringing light, telephone or telegraph wires is a matter which needs attention by those who would preserve the beauty of our streets and highways.

You will want to hear Signor Georgio Epifono, the solo harpist considered among the finest in the whole country. Dan't miss going to the Opera House, Friday night, May 15ta. To the moving pictures of Alonzo Hatch whose pictures are superior to any others. Only 25c. and 35c.

Mrs. Olive Hess has sold the Exchange Hotel at Benton to A. Oberholtzer for $4,000. For many years Hiram Hess and his wife conducted this house and it had a wide reputation as one of the best in the county. Mrs. Hess' buckwheat cakes were known far and wide as the best that could be produced.

All bicycle sundries at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

A special from Benton to the Philadelphia *Inquirer* on Monday says: "While Nehemiah Cole was sitting on the bed in his room counting his money the lamp exploded, setting fire to the clothing and to his trousers. The money was burned, but Cole succeeded in putting out the fire in his clothes after he had been severely burned."

Dumont's Minstrels will not appear in Bloomsburg or at least not as an Elk Lodge benefit. The guarantee was a little more than the committee felt able to pay and the rental of the Opera House was considered exorbitant. The negative decision of the committee carries with it keen disappointment as many people had already engaged seats. The troup will appear in Danville on the evening of the 16th and doubtless many of our people will go down.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.,

OCULIST,

Ent Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

It has come to me that my work in fitting glasses has been commended by specialists in Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Philadelphia. I ask for a share of your patronage. Twenty-two years experience. 4-23 1y

PURELY PERSONAL

George A. Clark of Tyrone spent Sunday in Bloomsburg.

James P. Thornton has been on the sick list for the past ten days.

Mrs M. E. Creasy has returned from an extended visit to Los Angeles, California.

Miss Anna Fox was the guest of Miss Catharine Young at Wilkes-Barre over Sunday.

Lloyd Yeager of Catawissa was in town on Tuesday. He is one of the popular landlords of that borough.

Ex-sheriff John Mourey was in town this week attending court. His many old friends were glad to meet him.

O. W. Cherington and Dr. T. C. Harter went to New Mexico last Monday to visit the mines of the Keystone Copper Co.

Prof. G. E. Wilbur attended the meetings of the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum at Wilkes-Barre on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Amy Ritter a trained nurse in the New Haven Hospital, New Haven, Conn. is spending this week with her parents on East Fifth street.

Mrs. E. E. Melick of Philadelphia and her friend Mrs. Kramer of Camden are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Miller.

Geo. B. Hummer of Elk Grove was in town on Monday. He is one of the candidates for delegate to the Democratic State Convention, and will be elected.

MISS ELIZABETH PHILLIPS.

One of the Oldest Residents Passes Away.

The death of Miss Elizabeth D. Phillips occurred at her home on Market street on Sunday morning, May 10th, at half past eleven o'clock. It was not unexpected, as she had been ill for two weeks. Several months ago she had a sick spell, and has never fully recovered from it, although she was able to be around and to attend to those things which had been her habit for many years. Two weeks ago Monday morning she did not appear as usual, and some neighbors found her in bed unconscious. Her death was due to old age, she being in her ninety-first year. She was born in Frosty Valley and was a daughter of David Phillips. When she was quite young the family, consisting of her parents and her sister Rebecca and herself, moved to Bloomsburg, and after occupying several different houses finally moved into the house where Miss Betsy died. This is one of the oldest houses in the town, having been built in 1810 by Dr. Bacon.

The parents died, and for many years the two sisters, Becky and Betsy, resided together, in the old home. Then about six years ago, Rebecca died, being the senior of Betsy by six years. Since that time Betsy has lived alone, preferring to do so, and her every want has been supplied. It is understood that some years ago the two sisters, having no property except the home, and no means to sustain it, made a contract with J. L. Dillon providing that they would give the property in exchange for their support during their lives. They were supplied with all the comforts of life, and their every want was provided for. Mr. Dillon now own the property.

Miss Phillips was the oldest woman in town, save one. She was the oldest communicant of St. Paul's P. E. Church. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. D. N. Kirkby officiating.

We have a nice line of wall paper and as cheap as the cheapest, at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Death After Long Illness.

O. B. Mellick received a telegram on Sunday announcing the sad intelligence of the death of Jay M. Brown which occurred at Denver, Colorado that day. The disease with which the deceased was afflicted had its beginning about nine years ago. At that time he returned home from a trip through Florida and the south. He got off the train at Espy and walked to his home at Light Street. He contracted a heavy cold which settled on his lungs and from that time on has been under medical treatment. He went to Colorado about a year ago in the hope that the climatic change would work an improvement in his health.

The telegram received by Mr. Mellick was signed "Sister Superior" which would seem to indicate that he had died at a hospital.

The deceased was thirty-two years of age. He was liked by every one who knew him. He observed carefully the golden rule in all his department and the sadness attendant upon the announcement of his death awakens an echo in every heart.

A mother, Mrs. Darlington J. Brown, a sister, Miss Mary E. Brown, of Light Street and three uncles, Alonzo Mellick of Philadelphia, P. W. Mellick of Light Street and O. B. Mellick of Bloomsburg survive. The remains will be brought to Light Street for interment.

Box papers from 10c. to 50c. at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

HATS TRIMMED FREE OF CHARGE.

Never a Better Showing

Than to-day. All the season's latest productions from the leading manufacturers and importers. We've been buying some good bargains lately. Now we're ready to turn them over to you—just when you need them.

New May Millinery.

New Styles. Hats the product of our own work-room. All the newest shapes and trimmings are here produced, and at prices less than elsewhere. If you do not find what you desire in our Trimmed Hats, we would be pleased to make you a hat to order. We do Millinery Work of all kinds and do it right for little money.

Straw and Chiffon Shapes.

A fortunate purchase of these goods enables us to offer you decided bargains just now. If you wish to share in these act quick—there's quite a saving.

Normad Silks.

Superior to Silk Ginghams. While they last 38c yd. Regular price 50c.

Laces, Laces.

Laces for all purposes, laces of all kinds and widths at all prices.

Muslin Underwear.

Complete new line. You should not miss this lot of white skirts, corset covers, gowns and drawers. At our prices it does not pay you to make them.

Knit Summer Underwear.

Ladies' Vests 10, 12½, 15, 25 cents to 1.00
Ladies' Pants 25, 35 50c.
Skirts 50, 75, ..00.
See the lace vest at 25c.

White Shirt Waists.

The best showing we've had of these. The're some beauties among them, in fact not a bad style in the lot. Priced from 4.50 to 1.00. See special waists at 85c., 1.25 and 3.25 each.

White Dress Goods.

A great white season this—Everything for the white dress is here today--white goods for all purposes. You should see this white goods stock.

White Madras 28c. yd.
White French Linen 35c. yd.
White French Batiste 50c. yd.

Newest Lace Collars & Points.

All the most wanted kinds are here bright and fresh today.

Collars, Points 10c to 75c.
Lace Collars 75c to 5 50

White Mohairs.

Two special numbers at 50c and 75c yard.

Lace Stockings.

Complete line all prices.

Wrist Bags, Belts, Buckles, Shirt Waist Sets, Brooches.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

$2.00 and $2.50.

THE UNCLE SAM SHOE

$3.00 and $3.50

FREE! FREE!

One Uncle Sam Sewing Machine.

To the person returning to us the greatest number of certificates before August 1st, will be presented a

Fine Drop Head Sewing Machine

with all necessary attachments, guaranteed for five years.

—o—

One Certificate given with each Pair of UNCLE SAM SHOES.

F. D. DENTLER.

TALK NO. 46.

PINS

We carry a splendid assortment of Pins for both ladies' and gentlemen's wear. Some of them are very inexpensive and are very pretty. From this point they grade upward to any amount you care to pay. In scarf pins, lace pins, baby's pins, broaches, and all goods included in the line, we make it a point to show the very latest styles in variety, and to afford you every facility for satisfactory selection. Our prices you will find to be very moderate and in no case exceeding the actual value of the article.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.

BUILDING LOTS

At Public Auction, on easy terms. The undersigned will offer a few building lots situate in their new addition in Bloomsburg, at public sale on Saturday, May 23, at 1:30 p. m. sharp. Terms $25.00 down, balance in monthly payments of $5.00.

B. L. IMPROVEMENT CO.,
B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres.
3t N. U. FUNK, Secretary.

Tires, inner tubes, cements, bells, pedals, toe clips, grips, pumps, saddles, &c. at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

N. S. Tingley has accepted the agency for Reinach, Ullman & Co. of Chicago, merchant tailors, and is ready to supply made-to-measure clothing at prices lower than can be obtained elsewhere. He has a large line of samples to select from. His place of business is the third floor of the COLUMBIAN building. 4t.

It is Your Business

to pay attention to your physical welfare. Your responsibility begins when you get up in the morning. Your body begins its day's work at breakfast. A dish of "It" will give you the right foundation for the day's business. "It" has grain nutriment to satisfy the taste and add strength to the body and the brain One dish makes you want another. You can eat "It" at any time. Grocers sell "It" 2-12 1y

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly Chronicled.

Kansas floods have caused three deaths and much damage.

Four negroes were killed in a race conflict in St. Tammany parish, La.

Negotiations for the settlement of the laundry strike in Chicago have been broken off.

Russia has announced at Peking that all Manchuria is open to foreigners without passports.

Widespread ruin in Guatemala has been caused by the eruption of the Santa Maria volcano.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra held a great court reception in Holyrood palace, Edinburgh.

The erroneous report of the death of Joaquin Miller came originally from Butte, Mont. The poet has not been ill.

As the result of recent British military operations 100,000 square miles of territory were added to northern Nigeria.

Shamrock III. was taken to Greenock to be fitted with her ocean rig. In trial she again showed her superiority over Shamrock I.

Tuesday, May 12.

Panama will quarantine all vessels coming from Peru.

It is reported that Minister of War Andre has decided to reopen the Dreyfus case.

The laying of the new German Atlantic cable was begun at Borkum island, North sea.

A blazing oil barge in the East river, New York, made a spectacular harbor fire. One man is missing.

Three sisters of Colonel J. R. Shafer, superintendent of the Panama railroad, have died of fever at Colon.

The body of Mrs. Augusta Harper Clynde, who disappeared April 28, was found in the North river, New York.

An unidentified young woman was killed in front of 355 Broadway, New York, by a case of goods falling on her.

The loss by Sunday's fire at Ottawa is estimated at $500,000. Its origin is not now believed to have been incendiary.

The strike of longshoremen which was inaugurated last fall and which has tied up trade at Montreal has been settled.

The building tie up in New York is nearly complete. The union men say builders won't purchase from unionized yards.

Rear Admiral Cotton says that a visit of the American European squadron to Kiel has not been definitely decided upon.

A team of golf players from the Oxford and Cambridge Golfing society will come to the United States to make a tour of American links.

It is reported that the Panama Canal company has offered the Colombian government $12,000,000 of the sum it is to receive from the United States.

The Vera Cruz, bound from the Cape Verde islands to New Bedford, Mass., with 433 Portuguese immigrants, was wrecked at Ocracoke inlet, North Carolina.

It was announced in the house of commons that negotiations are proceeding for a parcels post service between Great Britain and the United States.

Fourteen attractive girls arrayed in golf costumes and with knapsacks on their backs tramped through Westchester, N. Y., on their return to a seminary in Connecticut.

President Roosevelt has tendered to Mr. Frederick W. Holls of New York the position of umpire in the settlement of the claims of Germany and Italy against Venezuela.

Monday, May 11.

Callao and Pisco, Peru, have been officially declared infected with the bubonic plague.

Albert Roberts, cashier of the government ice plant at Manila, has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement. His accounts have been found to be $4,000 short.

It was the intention to have the president review the troops stationed at Fort Monterey, Cal., but he declined to do so on Sunday.

The outlook in the Adirondacks for trout fishing this spring is better than it has been for many years.

The capture of Curtis Jett, charged with the assassination of J. B. Marcum in Jackson, Ky., was accomplished without bloodshed.

The Bulgarian revolutionists attempted to commit at Monastir the anarchistic outrages analogous to those perpetrated at Salonika.

News has reached here from Tetuan, Morocco, that the tribesmen have suffered defeat at the hands of the government troops.

An attempt was made to blow up the Cunarder Umbria with an infernal machine.

One of the fiercest and most damaging forest fires in the history of the Allegheny mountains has been raging above Dunlo, Pa.

Saturday, May 9.

Fire has done $75,000 damage at Colorville, Tenn.

Shamrock III. went out alone at Bourock to stretch her sails.

The Russians have established a consulate at Mukden, Manchuria.

Fire has destroyed Bayambong, the capital of Nueva Viscaya, province of Luzon.

The existence of bubonic plague has been discovered in the suburbs of Callao, Peru.

A successful trial trip has been made of the air ship made for the Lebaudy brothers of Paris.

Two men on the cruiser Boston were struck by stray bullets fired by men of the Marblehead while at target practice.

The coroner's jury holds seven Italians as accessories to the murder of Madonia in the New York barrel mystery case.

An investigation has been ordered into the condition and equipment of the Clyde line steamer Saginaw, sunk by the Hamilton.

The Russians have reoccupied Newchwang with a large force and have also put garrisons in the forts at the mouth of the Liao river.

Governor Odell has signed Senator Greene's bill amending the liquor tax law in the respects asked for by the state excise commissioner.

A French convoy was attacked by tribesmen of Figuig, Algeria. The baggage train was captured after a fight in which thirty men were killed.

F. Augustus Heinze's plans to give a "copper" dinner to President Roosevelt at Butte, Mont., were halted because of a quarrel with the mayor of that city.

Postmaster General Payne has relieved from duty August W. Machen, general superintendent of the free delivery system at Washington, and Post Office Inspector M. C. Fosnes has been designated to take charge of that service.

The Roosevelt heirs, including the president and William E. and James C. Roosevelt, his cousins, were awarded a verdict for $42,425 in the condemnation suit brought by the Pennsylvania Railroad company and involving an estate in Chicago.

President Roosevelt made a brief stop at the home of Mrs. Garfield, widow of President J. A. Garfield, at Los Angeles, Cal., with whom he chatted pleasantly for some time. Pasadena, famous for its beautiful homes, was elaborately decorated in honor of the president's visit.

Friday, May 8.

President Roosevelt was formally welcomed to California at Redlands.

Two American clergymen presented to the pope President Roosevelt's jubilee gift.

The stationary engineers employed by eight Chicago packing houses are on strike.

Nine men were killed and five others injured, three of them fatally, by a rock slide at Eggleston Springs, Va.

Troops of the sultan of Morocco were defeated near Fez by the pretender's forces after ten hours' fighting.

A colored carrier at Gallatin, Tenn., was held up by masked men and threatened with death if he did not resign.

Albert Alonzo Ames, former mayor of Minneapolis, has been found guilty of accepting a bribe of $600 while chief executive of that city.

George A. Kolb, leader of the Marine Engineers' union, has not been seen since he went to dissuade nonunion engineers from working.

The Transvaal loan of $175,000,000 announced in London as issued at par, with interest at 3 per cent, was subscribed for twenty times over.

Adjutant General Corbin has received a cablegram from General Baden-Powell denying that he criticised the American cavalry, as reported.

Andrew Carnegie in an inaugural address to the British Iron and Steel institute urged the advantages of the profit sharing and partnership systems.

Whitney's Gunfire won the twelfth running of the Metropolitan handicap at Morris park in New York before 45,000 spectators. The filly broke the track record.

Comasso Lombreid was arrested in Boston on suspicion of having killed Miss Nellie Sturtevant, daughter of James S. Sturtevant, in Medford while attempting to rob her father.

The Bulgarian government has returned the porte's note on the incursion of Bulgarian bands into Macedonia and the importation of explosives into Turkey from Bulgaria on account of "its offensive terms."

Thursday, May 7.

General Baden-Powell has denied that he criticised American cavalrymen.

Rear Admiral Melville is determined to equip with triple screws the new 13,000 ton battle ships.

The cup defender Columbia has demonstrated that in a light wind she is a better boat than the Reliance.

Father Ferdinand Waiser, arrested at Lorain, O., for the murder of Agatha Reichlin, has been discharged from custody.

It is announced that negotiations are in progress with the view to Ireland's making a special exhibit at the St. Louis exposition.

William McNally, the young New York fireman hero who was terribly burned while trying to rescue Henry McWilliams, is dead.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz performed operations at New Orleans on two cases of club foot. The amphitheater of the hospital was crowded with local physicians and visiting delegates to the American medical congress.

Governor Beckham, at the request of the judge of Breathitt county, has offered $500 reward for the apprehension and conviction of the unknown assassin of J. B. Marcum, who was shot to death as the outcome of an old Kentucky feud.

The American fishing schooner Gloriana, Captain George Stoddart, of Gloucester ran ashore during a thick fog on the cliffs at Whale cove, N. S., and became a total wreck. Fifteen of the crew, including the captain, were drowned out of a total of eighteen.

Miss Nellie Sturtevant, aged twenty-five, daughter of Treasurer James S. Sturtevant of a Medford (Mass.) bank, was shot and killed at her home late at night by an unknown man who was attempting to rob her father. Miss Sturtevant stepped in front of her father to shield him from a shot, thus giving her life for his.

RELICS OF VIRGINIA.

To Be Preserved by a Society of Patriotic Women.

Occupation of Jamestown Island Dates Back Three Centuries—Old Church in Which Pocahontas Worshiped.

[Special Washington Letter.]

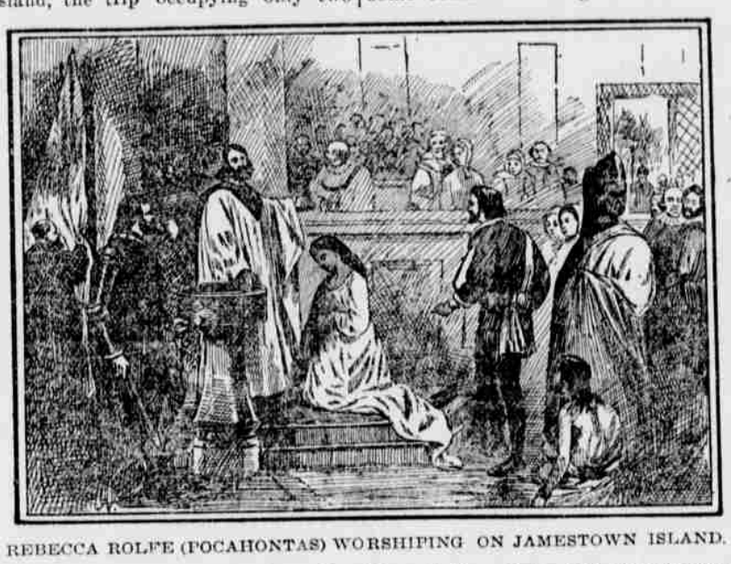
"VIRGINIANS are proud of every chapter in the history of their state," says Senator Daniels. "There are some paragraphs in some of the chapters which are not so brilliant as others; but, on the whole we are proud of every chapter in our history."

The occasion calling forth the remark is the fact that Virginia is growing old, and has a history of almost 300 years. On the 25th of May will occur the anniversary of the landing of Capt. John Smith and his fellow-freebooters upon the soil of Virginia, and the beginning of the permanent establishment of the first white colony in this republic of ours.

On May 25, 1607, now 296 years agone, Jamestown island was occupied and preparations begun for town-building. This was 13 years before the landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth, so there can be no doubt that this was the first permanent white settlement upon the land which now constitutes the United States of America.

There are upwards of 15,000 Virginians residing in the national capital, making their livings as federal office-holders. That is to say, that some 3,000 office-holders from Virginia support a colony of 15,000 people, all of them intensely loyal to their state, and proud of their lineage. Some 20 years ago there began an annual exodus from Washington to Jamestown to celebrate the anniversary; and there will be no hiatus in this procedure. The pilgrimages will begin two days before the anniversary, tens of thousands of Virginians will visit Jamestown, but the principal celebration this year will be in Richmond.

In order to describe this ancient locality the writer went to Jamestown island, the trip occupying only two days. It is situated 30 miles above Norfolk and Newport News, on the James river, and is about 70 miles below Richmond. Old inhabitants say that it has shrunken within a generation, but that it has now an area of 1,700 acres. It is two and a half miles long, and only little more than half a mile in width. From the main shore it is separated by a narrow stream and some marshy lowland, over which there is a low wooden bridge. The whole place looks "old-timey."



REBECCA ROLFE (POCAHONTAS) WORSHIPING ON JAMESTOWN ISLAND.

The island is as barren of civilization as Palmyra of the desert, and the only evidences of its former teeming habitation are the walls of the Ambler mansion-house, and the pitiful piece of tower of the first Protestant church built of brick in the new world. These objects of interest were pointed out by a young colored woman from the mainland, who also directed the traveler to the screened little acreage surrounding the relics of the church and the long neglected cemetery. There are no pictures of these interesting objects, but the tower is like any ordinary old tower, and the mansion remains are composed of the small bricks imported in those early days; about half of the size of modern bricks. The mansion is said to have been built with bricks which were formerly used in official and ancient structures. Tradition has it that in this old mansion there resided a woman who declined the honor of marriage with George Washington.

If this be true she must have almost hated herself afterwards when George became "first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

There is an association of ladies known as an association "For the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities," and it is this association which has surrounded these sole relics with wire fences and thick wire screens. These ladies took this step only six years ago; rather late in the day for the preservation of these antiquities, for hogs, wild and tame, and other cattle have browsed about the tower and the walls and over the graves of the cemetery for many, many years.

The ladies employ a custodian, but he was not on duty when the narrator called. He is said to reside in a little shanty there which is surrounded by heavy earthworks thrown up 40 odd years ago by confederate soldiers. By his absence he lost one fee of ten cents, which he is allowed to charge as part of his compensation for living there in the midst of squalor, dirt, malaria and musty reminiscences.

On reaching the north end of this historic island, work done and being done by the federal government was discovered. It seems that the island has been crumbling so rapidly of late years that the Virginia senators have secured appropriations for the purpose of preventing the entire destruction of the island by the swift current which sweeps unobstructed for eight miles, and fiercely carries away tons of clay and sand. Ripraps and jetties along shore may divert the channel a little, but if the island is to be fully protected it will prove to be a very costly proposition. The northern portion of the ruins of the town are said to be under water, and the covered foundations of former habitations can be seen from the side of rowboats. Alongside the northeast of the island there are big blocks of stone just beneath the surface of the water. They are held together by cement, and evidently formed the foundation of some big official building.

The biggest ships of the olden time used to come up the James and anchor at the wharves of Jamestown, but they could not do so now. Indeed, when the capital was moved to Williamsburg in 1723 the channel was becoming visibly more shallow. Thus was business affected in the beginning of the decline of Jamestown. There were big financial and political battles in those days, preceding the removal of the capital; and tradition hath it that several hot-blooded Virginians emptied their guns at and into the bodies of each other. However, the inevitable came, the capital was removed, Jamestown slowly fell into innocuous desuetude, and Williamsburg flourished. We have seen just such rivalries and battles between rival towns, far in the interior of the new world, within our own generation.

The brick church, of which only the tower is left, was built in 1838, when the colony was only 30 years old. Previously the people had worshiped in a large wigwam made of logs. The new brick church was 56 feet long and 28 feet wide, furnished lavishly with donations from England; everything in it being as rich and regal as the trappings and vestments of the best churches in the old country. Gov. Dale wrote: "There is some comfort in religion now;" as though his religion had been no comfort to him in the commodious log wigwam.

But for the removal of the capital to Williamsburg there might have been a great educational institution at Jamestown, because Parson Blair, the Scotchman from the University of Edinburgh who founded William and Mary college, was assigned to the parish at Jamestown in the new brick church, just before the transfer of the capital. He had for a short time been pastor of the parish of Varina, where Pocahontas was one of his parishioners. She was the wife of John Rolfe, an extensive tobacco planter, and was known as Rebecca Rolfe; quite English, you know, as compared with her aboriginal name when she hurried into history by her rush to the rescue of Capt. John Smith. Parson Blair often said that if he had remained at Jamestown he would have founded the college there—an institution which has endured until this day, and will ever endure.

The celebrated educational institution was originally built of bricks made on Jamestown island. They were made in the style of the imported bricks, but were not imported; neither were those which were used in the church at Jamestown. Parts of the ancient structure remain in good state of preservation, and the old church at Jamestown would still remain intact, if civilization had not deserted it.

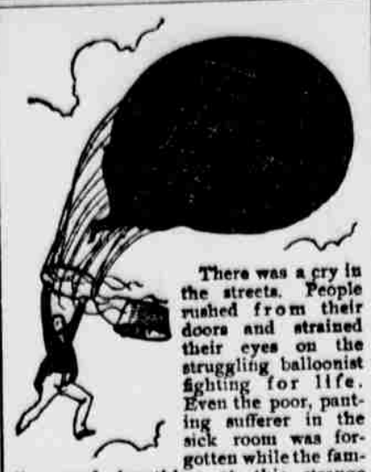
The ladies' association for the preservation of Virginia antiquities recently held an important meeting, at which it was decided to memorialize the Virginia legislature to make appropriations to aid them in their work. They hope also to induce the Virginia senators and representatives to interest the congress, so that sufficient appropriations may be obtained to save from complete ruin this relic-remnant of the original settlement of the soil of the United States by the Anglo-Saxon freebooters; the aggressive ancestry of which we are all so proud; an ancestry of El Dorado-seeking marauders who plunged half-way across this continent and blazed their pathway with the blood of innocent aborigines.

But they had their good points; and, anyway, they made history which it might be well to preserve, even in relic form.

SMITH D. FRY

Swallow Is a Swift Flyer.

A swallow, at its best speed, can travel at the rate of 128 miles in an hour.



There was a cry in the streets. People rushed from their doors and strained their eyes on the struggling balloonist fighting for life. Even the poor, panting sufferer in the sick room was forgotten while the family gazed breathless at this strange tragedy of the air. Then they went back to the sick room to tell of the terrible struggle for life they had just witnessed. It did not occur to them that under their very eyes a more terrible, more pathetic struggle was going on daily.

There can be nothing more pitiful than the struggle the consumptive makes against disease. The greatest help in this struggle is gained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures obstinate coughs, weak and bleeding lungs, emaciation, and other ailments which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.

"In 1898 one of my daughters was suffering on account of a severe cough, hectic fever, wasting of flesh and other symptoms of diseased lungs," writes Rev. Joseph H. Pesperman, of Barium Springs, Iredell Co., N. C. "I promptly gave her Dr. R. V. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with gratifying success, and she now enjoys excellent health. This being true, I hereby heartily endorse your medicines."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets assist the action of the "Discovery."

He met her in the meadow,
One pleasant eventide;
She was a lovely creature,
With pedigree of pride.
She turned her eyes upon him,
He did not even bow;
He was a Pennsylvania man
And she a Jersey cow.

Peg Legs are Not Deadly.

Judge Durham in court at Wilkes-Barre on Wednesday declared that a peg leg is not a deadly weapon. It was in the case of Charles Jelinski vs. Mike Novac, for felonious wounding. Novak, who has an artificial leg, thrust it into Jelinski's face. He was indicted, charged with using a deadly weapon.

When the judge announced it was not a deadly weapon the jury returned a verdict of simple assault.

Interchangeable 1000-Mile Refund Tickets.

Commencing June 1, 1903, interchangeable 1000-Mile Refund Tickets will be placed on sale, limited to one year from date of issue, good only for transportation of the owner, with usual free allowance of 150 pounds baggage over any of the following lines:—

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. (Between all points east of Ohio River and between Pittsburg and Kane. Also to and from points on Philadelphia and Reading Railway and Central Railroad of New Jersey between Philadelphia and New York.)

Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. (East of and including Huntingdon.)

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

Erie Railroad. (East of and including Jamestown and Suspension Bridge.)

Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

These tickets will be sold at rate of $30.00 each, subject to refund of $10 on surrender of cover to Trunk Lines Mileage Ticket Bureau, No. 143 Liberty Street, New York, at any time within eighteen months from date of purchase.

This form of ticket will be issued in deference to requests of numerous patrons of the lines in interest desiring one ticket good over several lines instead of having to provide themselves as at present with a separate ticket for each line they desire to use.

Agents at principal stations of the railroads named above will have these tickets on sale and give all further information regarding them that may be required.

IT WILL SURPRISE YOU—TRY IT.—It is the medicine above all others for catarrh and is worth its weight in gold. Ely's Cream Balm does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

MY SON was afflicted with catarrh. He used Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrh all left him.—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

The man who makes a fool of himself only saves someone else the trouble.

KEEP THE BALANCE UP.—It has been truthfully said that any disturbance of the even balance of health causes serious trouble. Nobody can be too careful to keep this balance up. When people begin to lose appetite, or to get tired easily, the least imprudence brings on sickness, weakness, or debility. The system needs a tonic. The system needs a tonic, craves it, and should not be denied it; and the best tonic of which we have any knowledge is Hoods Sarsaparilla. What this medicine has done in keeping healthy people healthy, in keeping up the even balance of health, gives it the same distinction as a preventive that it enjoys as a cure. Its early use has illustrated the wisdom of the old saying that a stitch in time saves nine. Take Hood's for appetite, strength, and endurance.

Go To the Farm, Thou Sluggard.

Sage Advice to City Chaps Who Might Make Men of Themselves.

If the young men who hang about the cities, working for small pay as clerks or factory hands, or "looking for a job," could only have a little foresight and energy injected into their character, they would quit, going to the country and get at work to own a farm. Of course, there is no sudden acquisition of wealth to be expected from a turn of the markets, but there is a certainty for any one, persistent and energetic, of a comfortable middle and old age. Wages do not look as high as those of the "snaps" in the city, but in fact they are much better. The difference is more than offset by board and lodging, and less extra expenses and clothing.

Farm work is not what it used to be. Almost everything is done by machinery. Hours are shorter and food better. The labor is healthful and requires a mind ready, willing and well-informed. This character is worth having. Farm wages are really good, and an economical young man can soon be able to own a small piece of land. Thence on, his success will depend on himself and not on others or the chances of business over which he has no control. He has a home and an object in life. Small farms anywhere in the settled portions of the country will pay when well managed. Skill and application nowhere pay better than on the farm or garden patch.

The land owner, well started and out of debt, is a king among men. He is independent of all kinds, has his living first from his labor and can add the refinements of life as means come to him. He can have telephones and trolley cars, newpapers and a daily mail. He has time for study and must keep up to the times in his business. Later he may attain ease and influence and live enjoyably to a good old age. The trade of the farmer is certainly well worth cultivating by any one who has grit and foresight.

Yet thousands will inanlly hang about the cities, "putting up a face" and living from hand to mouth with no positive prospects whatever. These dangle around do-nothings think they are men. Why can't they spunk up, face some steady work, with sure prospects, and be somebody in the world?—Milwaukee *Sentinel*.

Orders Must be Obeyed.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, says the Dushore *Review*, has decided that a soldier on duty must obey orders, and that he is not personally responsible when he does so. The case that called out this decision was that of young Wadsworth, a member of a Pittsburg regiment, on duty at Shenandoah during the strike last summer. The soldier was on guard and detected a miner trying to pass his line. He ordered him to halt, and the order not being obeyed he shot. The man was killed in his tracks. The soldier was arrested for manslaughter on his retutn home. He applied for a writ of habeas corpus, and it was on the argument of this writ that the decision of the Supreme Court was given. They said that if the orders under which the man was acting were too severe and unjustifiable, the officer who issued the orders was the one to hold, and not the soldier. Wadsworth was released from custody and exculpated from the blame. This is a clear warning for the future that soldiers are on duty at scenes of disorder for the purpose of restoring order; that they have authority to kill, and that they will kill if necessary. In other words, General Gobin's "shoot to kill" order has been upheld.

Mrs. Burdick to get $25,000.

A. R. Pennell's Insurance to be Paid Widow of Murdered Man.

By an order handed down by justice Kruse, in the New York supreme court, Tuesday Attorney Wallace Thayer gets $10,000 insurance left by Arthur R. Pennell.

A decision of the court some time ago gave Thayer $15,000 insurance from another company. The $25,000 it is understood, goes to Mrs. Burdick. Mr. Thayer sued for the money as trustee of a secret charge left by Pennell.

Opposition to the suit instituted by J. Frederick Pennell as administrator of his brother's estate was dropped after the document left in Thayer's hands had been examined.

Great Kansas Wheat Crop.

Reports from all sections of the Kansas wheat belt are most flattering. The state will this year harvest the largest crop in its history.

During the past three days more than one inch of rain has fallen over the entire wheat belt, and reports from wheat farmers and grain men agree that the total crop this year will reach 90,000,000 bushels. This will exceed by 21,000,000 bushels the yield of any other year in the state's history.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by J. W. DARROW,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

HON. N. J. BACHELDER.

Lecturer of the National Grange and New Hampshire's Governor.

The lecturer of the national grange is a New Hampshire man, a thoroughbred New Englander, the possessor of a 700 acre farm, a successful dairyman, a public man of eminence and an all round pusher, and his name is Bachelder.

For twenty-five years a member of the grange, he has been master of his home grange, lecturer of his Pomona grange, for eight years secretary of his state grange and eleven years its master. The last position he still holds.

HON. N. J. BACHELDER.

In 1899 he was elected lecturer of the national grange. During Brother Bachelder's term as master the New Hampshire grange has doubled its membership, and the state now ranks among the first in grange strength. Brother Bachelder was also prominent in organizing and managing the state grange fair in New Hampshire. He has served with distinction on the legislative committee of the national grange.

Brother Bachelder has for fifteen years been secretary of the New Hampshire board of agriculture and for many years commissioner of immigration. In the latter capacity he issued beautiful booklets descriptive of New Hampshire farms and started a movement for the buying up of the "abandoned" farms. He has also been secretary of the New Hampshire Old Home Week association. Last fall he was nominated for governor by the Republicans of New Hampshire and was elected.—Michigan Farmer.

Installation Ceremony For Pomonas.

There should be a more elaborate and impressive ceremony for the installation of officers of subordinate and Pomona granges than the one in present use, says a writer in the Rural New Yorker. It is good, but it may be improved. We have seen poetical forms for installation, but we believe there is no better form than good prose. This is sometimes a public ceremony, and then all the more is there need of an impressive service so that those outside our gates may learn somewhat of our teachings and purposes. However, the present form for installation may be made more effective than it is if given without the use of the manual. This is now done by some deputies and other installing officers. Simply read, it has little of impressiveness; recited, with such impromptu remarks as the occasion may inspire, it would leave a more lasting impression and thereby serve its purpose better.

A Grange Lecture Course.

One good thing a grange may do in the winter is to provide a public lecture course for the village or city in which it exists. Let there be lectures, concerts and other entertainments. It is such manifestations of search after knowledge as this, says an exchange, that make granges known honorably and wide in their sections, and such granges are a beneficent and powerful influence on all neighboring granges and farming sections. A grange community that will support such a lecture course regularly is a progressive one, ambitious and eager to improve its mental and physical environment and status. Think it over for next winter.

A Live Grange County.

Tioga, county, Pa., has thirty-seven granges and a combined membership of more than 2,000. They have a Patrons' life insurance company and a fire insurance company carrying risks amounting to over $2,500,000. They can talk all over the county by telephone, and rural free delivery is rapidly spreading. The special agent of the postoffice department was recently in the county laying out eight different routes.

The grange should receive from every man according to his ability and give to every man according to his need.—Watertown (N. Y.) Times.

Littleton (Ill.) grange claims the youngest master of a subordinate grange in the state. He is Karl E. Lambert, aged seventeen.

A grange was recently organized in Strafford, N. H., with sixty-two charter members, twenty-six of whom are named Foss.

Stick close to foundation principles.

The grange needs workers.

POOR COWS EXPENSIVE.

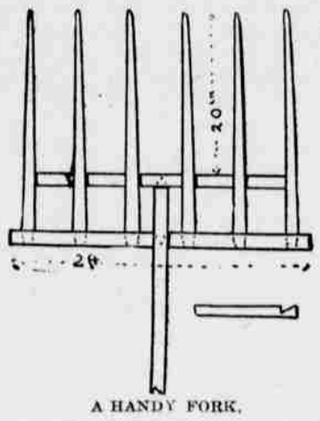
Why Thousands of Dairy Animals in the United States Should Be Sold for Beef.

Some dairymen would be better off if they did not have so many cows as they own at present and some would be actually better off if they had none. This is a hard saying, but it is true. The sooner the poor cows are weeded out of the herd the better. It takes a fairly good cow to pay expenses. There are millions of cows in the United States that are not fairly good. This is proven by statistics regarding the average of milk and butter production. The average cow is not a money maker, and there are millions of cows poorer than the average cow. From the average cow down they should be sent to the shambles. The farmers of the United States would be ahead what they received from them as beef. This would be clear gain, and more, for it would be preventing annual losses that are now occurring with great regularity. The men that scoff at book farming, that will not read agricultural papers and that will not attend farmers' institutes are the fellows for the most part that are keeping these expensive poor cows. The men that are awake and that think are quitting that kind of business. Moreover, the men that are progressive are getting ahead of the men that refuse to think. They are going out among the slow men and are annually buying their best cows to put into their own herds. They are doing this at the expense of a few dollars per cow more than they would have to pay for a poor cow. They are doing the right thing, for if the other men refuse to be instructed they must necessarily suffer the loss of their best animals. A cow that will make a profit of $50 a year is certainly worth twice as much as the cow that will make only $25 profit in a year, yet the foolish man that sells the better cow will part with her for $35 when he would want $25 for a poor cow. Every farmer should investigate the matter and as quickly as possible get rid of his expensive poor cows.—Farmers' Review.

AN EXCELLENT FORK.

Designed for the Easy Handling of Cut or Shredded Fodder and All Sorts of Chaff.

A handy fork for handling shredded or cut fodder or chaff of all kinds is shown in the illustration. It is made of one-half-inch stuff for tines. The head is one inch square



A HANDY FORK.

stuff. The piece that goes under the tines to hold the end of handles is one-half by one inch. Bore one-half-inch holes through the head, and round off tines to fit, then nail crosspiece on under side of tine so there is four and one-half inches space between the two pieces. Then put the handle on over the head and under the crosspiece and nail it. Cut a notch (as in small cut) in end of handle where it goes under crosspiece. Handle is made of a narrow strip of board.—F. H. Peck, in Ohio Farmer.

Corn for Dairy Feeding.

An enthusiastic advocate of soiling says that the truth of the prediction made some years ago that corn will soon take the place of grass for dairy and cattle feeding is already realized by many farmers. With the progressive dairymen pasturing is considered out of date and a wasteful method. Hay is inferior to prepared cornstalks for feeding purposes, and now that we can supply perfect corn ensilage for feeding we have more particular need for the pastures. An acre of pasture will not supply much more than one-fifth of the food required to support a cow through the growing months. One acre of corn will give all the green food it needs from the first of July to the first of October. On the same piece of land corn raised for soiling will make four times as much green food for a cow as will grass.

Milk Substitutes for Calves.

The rearing of calves on various milk substitutes has been fairly tested at the Pennsylvania station. From the results the following conclusions seem warranted: There is little difficulty raising prime dairy calves without milk after they are two weeks old. The cost of raising calves on a milk substitute, up to the time they can be put upon a hay and grain ration, or when they are between three and four months of age, need not exceed ten dollars, exclusive of care. Calves from high-class, well-bred dairy stock, when raised in this way, are worth much more than they cost, and afford the only means by which a milk dairyman can raise his herd to a high standard of excellence.

Many cows are made cross and unruly by the men who have the care of them. Take almost any nervous, high-strung cow and place her under the care of ill-tempered, impatient men, and the result is not difficult to foresee.

GRANGE NEWS.

By J. T. Allman, Press Correspondent and Secretary Penn'a. State Grange.

On March 18 Middletown Grange, Bucks county, No. 689 celebrated its 27th anniversary. Only four charter members are still with us. We are a live grange and hope to live long. MARY T. N. HIBBS, Sec.

Hon. W. F. Hill, master of Pennsylvania State Grange, has taken up his residence temporarily at Mont Alto, Franklin county, Pa., primarily for the benefit of the health of Mrs. Hill. Correspondents should address as above.

L. W. Howden, Worthy Deputy of McKean Co., writes: "Bro. Cornell, State lecturer, left here Monday for Potter Co., after a very successful weeks work. We have now 3 new granges ready to organize. Am going to organize 1 tonight, 1 Friday night and 1 on the 28th inst."

Lincoln Grange, No. 914, Huntington county, for a number of years has barely had enough members to hold their charter. They recently moved from Entriken to Marklesburg and have already taken in 7 members with a prospect of a number more in the near future.

Brother D. H. Cook, of Smock, Fayette county, Pa., writes: "Our grange has been doing some good work of late. At our last meeting we conferred the third and fourth degrees on a class of 8 men and the first and second degrees on a class of 5 young girls and 1 boy and reinstated 4, two of whom had been members of Smock Grange 30 years ago. Last year we purchased about $7000.00 worth of goods through the grange.

Salem Grange, No. 964, Clearfield county, initiated 30 members and reinstated 2 during the quarter ending March 31st., 1903. Mt. Joy Grange, Clearfield county received 18 members during the same time. Friendsville Grange, No. 1217, Susquehanna county reports 18 initiations; Salem Grange, No. 291, Luzerne county 17; Fox Croft Grange, No. 1220, Chester county 14; Rising Sun, No. 47, Susquehanna county 34 and Miola, No. 1101, Clarion county 16 initiated and 3 reinstated during the same period.

Union City Grange, No. 89, Erie Co., meets regularly every second and fourth Saturday afternoon with good attendance. Our Worthy Lecturer makes out a good program for each meeting. Two questions for discussion are generally included in the program the discussion of which develops thought, cultivates the power of expression and often brings out valuable information. The programs also include recitations, readings, essays, music, &c. In February we had an all day meeting, dinner was served and the literary work was in memory of Washington. On this occasion we celebrated our 29th anniversary.

MRS. S. J. MCLEAN, Sec.

The last two meetings of Columbus Grange, No. 875, Warren county, have been of more than usual interest. In addition to instructing four candidates in the four degrees and the harvest feast the lecturer's hour, both days, were open meetings. The first meeting, March 14th, consisted of anniversary exercises. This grange was organized 14 years ago by A. H. Olmstead.

LORA WALTON, Sec.

VanOrmer Grange, No. 1127, Cambra county, Pa., was organized March 27 with 17 charter members.

Banner Grange, No. 1115 of the same county, initiated a class of 5 in the 1st and 2nd degrees, April 1.

W. A. BAVER, Deputy.

Ostenburg Grange, No. 737, of Bedford county, is one of the most live, wide-awake, up-to-date granges of the State. On April 1st the deed was delivered for the 70 acre farm recently bought by the grange for holding picnics. They hold annually an industrial picnic fashioned after the Williams Grove picnic. Last year the picnic was held Aug. 12th to 15th, and on each of the four days many thousands of people were present. On Thursday, which was grange day, over 13,000 people were present and nearly 2,000 horses were on the grounds. Brother Osten writes that this year will far eclipse last year, and that arrangements are well under way for this great gathering, which has a reputation for many miles around. The dates this year are Aug. 11, 12, 13 and 14. The picnic farm joins the farm of Brother Osten and both groves will be used this year. Over $1,200 has already been spent for permanent improvements on the grounds and it has become a fixed institution in that portion of the State. This shows what a Subordinate Grange can do if it sees fit.

AUTOMOBILE LAW.

Whereas, it is of the utmost importance to the rights of the people of this Commonwealth that the public highways of the cities, boroughs, counties and townships of the Commonwealth should be as free as practicable from the reckless use of dangerous motor-vehicles; therefore,—

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no vehicle, commonly called an automobile, whether propelled by steam, gas or electricity, shall be operated or driven upon any public highway in any city, borough, county or township in this Commonwealth until the same has been registered by the owner or owners thereof in the office of the prothonotary of one of the counties of this commonwealth as hereinafter provided.

Section 2. Every application for registration shall set forth, in writing, the name and residence of the owner or owners, the name of the manufacturer, and the manufacturers' number of the motor-vehicle to be registered.

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the prothonotary to enter every such application in a book, to be kept for that purpose, and, if all the requirements of section two of this act have been complied with, to issue a certificate of registration to the applicant or applicants who shall pay to the prothonotary, at the time of filing the application, two dollars, which shall be the full cost of filing and entering the same and issuing the registration certificate: Provided, That in the cities and counties in which the prothonotaries are paid by salary, two dollars shall be paid into the city or county treasury, for the use of the county.

Section 4. Every registration certificate issued must contain the name of the owner or owners, the name of the manufacturer, the manufacturers' number, the date of registry, the name of the prothonotary issuing it, and the name and seal of the county in which the registry is made, with the number of the book and page in which it is entered. The registration of such motor-vehicle shall not be valid until the certificate, so issued, is posted in a place in the motor-vehicle, so registered, where it can be readily examined, and the registration number is posted in a conspicuous place upon the back of the said vehicle; and the registry shall be null and void if the motor-vehicle is used or operated upon the public highways, as aforesaid, when either the certificate or number are removed therefrom.

Section 5. No person or persons shall be allowed to use, operate or drive any motor-vehicle, as aforesaid, upon any of the public highways of the cities, boroughs, counties or townships of this Commonwealth at a speed greater than eight miles an hour, within the corporate limits of any of the cities and boroughs; outside the corporate limits of any city or borough, as aforesaid, the rate of speed shall not exceed one mile in three minutes: Provided, however, that upon sharp curves, sharp declines, upon the immediate approach of any person or team, and at the intersection of any cross road, the speed shall not exceed one mile in six minutes: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall permit any person or persons to drive an automobile at a greater speed than is reasonable, regarding traffic, danger or injury to property, at any time or at any place.

Section 6. No person shall be allowed to use or operate any such motor-vehicle upon any of the public highways aforesaid, until the owners thereof shall have procured a license from the treasurer of one of the cities or counties of this Commonwealth.

Section 7. No license issued as aforesaid shall be valid for a longer period than one year. They may be issued on the first day of January, or at any time thereafter, but shall expire on the thirty-first day of December next ensuing. The annual license fee shall be three dollars, and shall be paid to the city or county treasurer, for the benefit of such city or county. The treasurer of the city or county in which the treasurers are paid by fees shall be entitled to receive a commission of five per centum upon all such license fees paid into his hands, which shall be in full compensation for his services in issuing the license: Provided, That this amount of license shall not apply to any city or other municipality in which the authorities have imposed a license fee for the same purpose: And provided further, That no person shall be required to pay a license fee in more than one city or municipality, in any one year.

Section 8. Every person using or operating a motor-vehicle upon the public highways, as aforesaid, shall have displayed in a conspicuous place on the back of such motor-vehicle, in large numerals, not less than three inches square, the number under which it is registered. Every such automobile shall carry, during the period from one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise, at least two lighted lamps, showing white lights, visible at least one hundred feet in the direction towards which such automobile is proceeding, and shall exhibit at least one red light, visible in the reverse direction. Every automobile shall also be provided with good and efficient brake or brakes, and shall also be provided with bell, horn or other signal device. He shall sound a gong or other alarm when approaching a street-crossing or road-crossing; and shall have no more right of way, or preference as to the use of such street or road than the driver of the vehicle about to be passed, but shall stop the motor-vehicle, when signaled to do so by the driver of any horse or other animal, until the animal or animals have passed.

Section 9. Every person so licensed shall carry with him, when using or operating such motor-vehicle upon the public highways as aforesaid, his license, and when so required by any constable or police officer of the Commonwealth shall produce the same and the certificate of registration for inspection.

Section 10. It shall be the duty of constables and police officers of the cities, boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth to arrest, upon view and without a warrant, any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this act: Provided, That in the event of an arrest for a violation of any of the provisions of this act, if the defendant is unable to give sufficient bail for a hearing or for his appearance to answer at court, the magistrate before whom he is first taken shall, in lieu of such bail, hold in custody the motor-vehicle found in the possession of the defendant; and the court, after the trial of the defendant, if no sufficent bail according to law has been given in the meantime, shall make such order as to the disposition of such motor-vehicle as may seem to it just and proper.

Section 11. All civil actions for damages arising from the use and operation of any motor-vehicle as aforesaid, shall be brought in the city or county in which the alleged damages were sustained, and service of process shall be made by the sheriff, in person or by deputy, in any part of this Commonwealth, in like manner as process may now be served in the proper county.

Section 12. Any owner, lessee, bailor, bailee, operator, or user of any motor-vehicle, as aforesaid, violating any of the provisions of this act, shall, in addition to his, her or their civil liability, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall, for each and every offense, be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Section 12. This act shall not apply to any race-course or private road, nor to any passenger railways or steam railroads confined to tracks, nor to steam or other street-rollers, nor to any of the motor-vehicles which any manufacturer or vender of automobiles may have in stock for sale and not for his private use or for hire.

Approved—The 23d day of April. A. D. 1903.

SAML. W. PENNYPACKER.

The foregoing is a true and correct coppy of the Act of the General Assembly No. 202.

FRANK M. FULLER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Elizabeth D. Phillips, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth D. Phillips, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

J. M. CLARK, Atty. J. L. DILLON,
5-14 6t. Administrator.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County on Saturday, May 16, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., under the Corporation Act of 1874, and the supplements thereto, by Charles Smith, Harry H. Moss, William Rush, Charles Vanliew and John Shaffer, for the Charter of an intended Corporation to be called "Kossuth Choral and Social Society"; the charter and object of which is the support and maintainance of a Social Club for social enjoyments, and for these purposes, to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said Act and its supplements.

GRANT HERRING,
4-23 4t Solicitor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Eat's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, first door below Opera House.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square
BLOOMSBURG, PA

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexander Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED. GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 to 8 Telephone.

DR. M. J. HESS.
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office: Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner and work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,50
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,828,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,588,918	1,021,60
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,307	428,70
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REALESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS,
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG, PA
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, best rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1903.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

(CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.)

Commonwealth vs. Peter Hevaro, Joseph Langarzo, Joseph Lornick, and Michael Lasko. This case was one of highway robbery. The prosecutor was Alex. Hemelvoispki, who claimed that on Sunday, March 29th last he was held up between Mid Valley No. 2 and Montana and robbed of $25 in money, a gold watch and chain valued at $38 and $2 respectively. The counsel in the case were District Attorney Duy and E. J. Flynn for the Commonwealth and W. C. Johnston and Clinton Herring for the defense. In the examination of the witnesses, the services of an interpreter was necessary. The defendants one after another flatly contradicted the story of the prosecutor, and disclaimed any knowledge of the alleged robbery. Several other witnesses were called to the stand, but none of them knew anything about the case. George Miller, a merchant, of Centralia, testified to the good character of the defendants, after which argument was made by attorney Johnston for the defense and District Attorney for the prosecution. Judge Little charged the jury, and they retired for deliberation. After a brief reflection they returned a verdict of not guilty, and the defendants were discharged.

In the case of Patrick Bonner, charged by his wife with assault and battery. Bill ignored. Prosecutrix pay the costs.

In the matter of the petition for a county bridge across Hemlock creek, in same township, which had been reported favorably by viewers, the grand jury approved the finding of the viewers.

In the petition for the appointment of viewers for the erection of a county bridge over Raven Creek, in the Borough of Stillwater, near the house of Moses McHenry, the following rule was made:

Now, May 7, 1903, the order of the Court, made and filed on the first day of the present sessions, refusing to grant the prayer of the petitioners as prayed for, for the reason that the Court has no jurisdiction because the bridge was wholly within the limits of the Borough of Stillwater is now revoked, and it is now ordered that the viewers be appointed agreeable to the prayer of the petitioner.

BY THE COURT.

The grand jury ignored the bill in case of Steinmetz vs. Fetterman for assault and battery and placed the costs upon the prosecutor.

Commonwealth vs. Yarrick Recaitreck and Andrew Yarrick, charge malicious mischief. This was a long drawn out, and at times monotonous case. The prosecutor George Crozier, of Mid Valley, alleged that on the morning of April 13th before daylight the defendant made two attempts to blow up his residence with dynamite. Two sticks of the explosive were hurled at the house. The first damaged the building somewhat and thoroughly frightened the family. The second fell short of the house. The complainant could not substantiate his story. The witnesses didn't appear to know much about the case.

C. C. Yetter, attorney for the defense, in outlining the case stated that the alleged misdemeanor took place Easter morning. The defendants were participating in what was their customary celebration of the day by firing revolvers and exploding dynamite. It was during this celebration that the plaintiff's house was damaged. Some of the windows were broken, and the plaster in places loosened. A number of witnesses including the defendants were then called, followed by brief argument by the attorneys, after which the case went to the jury. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

In the case of Thomas Downs and Margaret Downs in an action for trespass against Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, same was settled by a judgment in favor of the plaintiff for $1,500.

Grand Jury ignored bill in case of Commonwealth vs. Paul Thiel, charged by Harry Mitchell, of Berwick, with robbery. Also Ed Kremser, accused of forgery. Prosecutor to pay the costs.

James Yost, charged by Bessie Brown with f. and b. Bill was ignored.

Jacob Whitcoveck, charged with illegally issuing a fraudulent paper. Not a true bill. Prosecutor to pay the costs.

B. T. O'Neil, of Wilkes-Barre. an attorney for Luzerne County, asked to file an application for an order of removal of George Devat from the poor district of Catawissa to the poor district of Luzerne County. Permission granted.

In the case of Charles Smith, charged with assault with intent to kill. A jury was drawn, and owing to the absence of the prosecutor His Honor instructed the jury to find the defendant not guilty and use their own judgment as to the placing of the costs, but recommended that they should be upon the prosecutor. Without leaving the box the jury so ordered.

This being the last criminal case the Judge discharged all jurors except two panels who were engaged.

Following cases were continued until the September term:

Commonwealth vs. William Brittain. Charge, a. and b.

Commonwealth vs. L. Boston. Charge, f. and b.

Commonwealth vs. Lloyd Smith. Charge f. and b.

Commonwealth vs. Harry Reb. Charge, f. and b.

Commonwealth vs. Lewis Metz. Charge, f. and b.

Commonwealth vs. W. H. Nagle and Ray Hoffman. Charge, manslaughter. This case is an echo of the unfortunate trolley car accident at Berwick recently, in which a little daughter of Robert Swayze was run over and killed.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Thompson. Charge, surety of the peace.

Commonwealth vs. William Evans. Charge, f. and b.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Eckrote et al. Charge, neglect.

Commonwealth vs. James Trump et. al. Charge, neglect.

Commonwealth vs. Jacob Harris et al. Charge, neglect.

Commonwealth vs. Willian Hostler et al. Charge, neglect.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Andreas. Charge, trespass.

Commonwealth vs. George Harder et al. Charge, assault and battery.

Commonwealth vs. D. F. Yohe. Charge, trespass.

Court adjourned until Friday morning at nine o'clock.

The unusually large number of cases this term made it necessary to secure the services of another Judge. Therefore Judge Lynch of Wilkes-Barre, came down and held sessions in room No. 2 on Thursday, and later relieved Judge Little in Room No. 1.

In the N. B. Stackhouse-Lyman Agnew timber dispute was settled satisfactory to the plaintiffs by the payment of $300. No timber to be cut until same is paid.

The case of T. J. Vanderslice vs. Catawissa township was the next called. Grant Herring was counsel for plaintiff and William Chrisman for defendant. The first witness called was the plaintiff. He testified that when the Bloomsburg bridge across the river was built, the road or approach to the bridge ran underneath the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The Commissioners decided to fill in both sides of the trestle and cross the railroad tracks at grade. The Railroad Company was opposed to the grade crossing, and in order to retard the work placed cars and obstructions upon the tracks, whereupon the commissioners consulted him in regard to the advisability of securing an injunction against the Company and he told them that the proper parties to proceed against the company were Harvey J. Shugars and John Huber, the then supervisors of Catawissa township. Shortly thereafter Shugars and Huber came to him and suggested that he secure the services of another attorney. He proposed the present Judge Little, at that time a practicing attorney, as an assistant in the institution of the suit. They were agreed, and the suit was accordingly brought, and an injunction granted. He then presented a bill for their services amounting to $125, $62.50 each, the supervisors refused to pay. Hence this suit. He claimed the above amount $62.50 together with interest to date, aggregating $95.31. He averred that nothing was said that would in any way convey the impression that the expense of their services were not to be borne by the township.

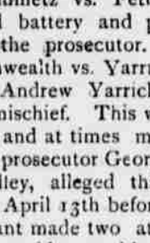
Judge Little was called and he sustained Vanderslice's testimony. He also said that the citizens and the traveling public in general, were interested in the abolition of the undercrossing.

Boyd Yetter, one of the appellants, was called. He did not know of any agreement as to payment of costs.

H. J. Clark, also an appellant, knew nothing about the payment of costs.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Your Liver

Is it acting well? Bowels regular? Digestion good? If not, remember Ayer's Pills.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

Buckingham's Dye

50cts of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N.H

Attorney Chrisman for defendants, asked for a continuance, owing to the absence of a principal witness. John Huber, who was stricken with sickness, and unable to appear. Plaintiff's counsel objected to continuance and agreed to take Mr. Huber's affadavit of information as evidence, and the Court so ruled. Mr. Huber's sworn affidavit follows:

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

John Huber, one of the Supervisors of Catawissa township, and defendant in the above case, being duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that the said township has a full, just and true legal defense against the whole of the plantiffs' claim, of the following nature and character, to wit: That at the time the suit in equity to September term, 1894, was instituted by the said John Huber and other plaintiffs in the said bill in equity, of the one part, and said T. J. Vanderslice, of the other part, that the costs of the said suit, as well as the professional services rendered by said T. J. Vanderslice, or any other attorney that might be employed in said suit, should not be borne by the said township, defendant to this case, but that all professional services rendered in said suit to be free of charge, and not to cost the said township one cent.

That at the time the suit was instituted it was agreed to, between said John Huber and said T. J. Vanderslice, that the said Supervisors, of said township, should be made parties plaintiff in said suit, for effect only, in order that a preliminary injunction against said defendant railway company could be obtained, and that no part of the costs, expenses, or attorney fees, in connection to that case, should be borne by said township, nor should the said township be held liable for any portion of the same.

That, therefore, the said township is not liable for the amount claimed in the plaintiffs' statement due for professional services rendered in connection with the said case, as recited in the plaintiffs' statement. All of which he believes to be true and able to prove on the trial of this cause.

Properly sworn to, subscribed and signed by JOHN HUBER.

Mr. Chrisman again asked for a continuance, but it was objected to, and Judge Lynch suggested to Mr. Chrisman that he address the jury, and use the evidence of the absent witnesses as though they had been in attendance. This was agreeable to the opposition, and it was so ruled.

After the argument and a brief charge by the Judge, in which he cited the law of 1836 relative to the duty and responsibility of township supervisors, the jury retired.

They returned in a short time with a verdict for the plaintiff for the full amount.

In response to three petitions for roads in Orange township, the first extending from the residence of John Frick to bridge near residence of P. D. Black, Boyd Trescott, Eri Ikeler and Harmon Mordan were appointed viewers. Second extending from near residence of Ella Hortman to near barn of Archibald Patterson, same viewers appointed, and also in the third proposed road to extend from the dividing line between properties of S. Robbins and E. L. Appleman to barn of Abram Dildine. Same viewers appointed.

Boyd Trescott, J. M. Ikeler and Joel Travelpiece were appointed viewers in response to a petition for a bridge over Little Fishing Creek near E. Shoemaker's barn.

Petition for road leading from residence of M. H. Petty, in Briarcreek township, to north line of the borough of Berwick, near J. P. Freas' former residence. Samuel Neyhard, Joseph Weiss and John Englehart appointed viewers.

Petition for road in Locust township, near J. C. Kester's. John Brofee, J. K. Sharpless and William B. Houck appointed viewers.

S. J. Pealer, Levi Fester and Elisha Ringrose were appointed viewers for a public road in Briarcreek township, near land of William Mack.

Petition for viewers for a public road in Madison township near Daniel Laidecker's. J. B. Kester, H. J. Demott and Boyd Trescott were appointed viewers.

Petition for bridge viewers for bridge over Chillisquaque Creek in Madison township near J. M. Girton's. Boyd Trescott, John A. Dildine and Eli Ohl were appointed.

Following is the report of the Grand Jury:

MAY 8, 1903.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia County.

We, the Grand Jury, respectfully report, that we have passed upon all bills according to their respective merits. We have also examined the public buildings and find the following repairs needed: The floor in the kitchen of the jail, the spring lock on the inner door of the jail, an additional typewriter chair in the Recorder's office; all necessary repairs on the windows of the Court House; the chairs in the Prothonotary's office to be reseated; the water from the Court House conductors to be carried to the gutter of the street; also the pointing of the masonry work of the Court House and jail be repaired when necessary. All of which is respectfully submitted. Signed by

HARMAN YOST, Foreman,

Court then adjourned until 1:30 p. m.

Thomas Kerrigan, of Centralia, in a surety of the peace case was sentenced to pay costs of prosecution a fine of $5 and give bail in the sum of $150 to keep the peace for one year.

In the case of Walter Golla and Ward Ketcham, convicted of burglarizing a house near Hetlerville, the former was sentenced to pay $200 fine, costs of prosecution and two years in Eastern Penitentiary at solitary confinement, whilst Ketcham was given the same sentence plus six months more in the penitentiary.

In the assault and battery case of George Harder and John Lockman, of Catawissa. they were ordered to pay costs of prosecution and a fine of $1 each.

The case of Alexander Lillie vs. American Car & Foundry Company occupied the attention of court all day Monday and Tuesday. This was a case in which the plaintiff claimed $15000 damages for an injury sustained by him while in the employ of the defendant company. The injury was inflicted by the falling of an overhead plank which struck him on the head. He had as Counsel Herring, Rhawn and Small, while Jackson and Scarlet, represented the defense. The jury went to Berwick on Monday to view the place where the accident occurred. Argument was made by Scarlet and Herring, and the jury after an hour's deliberation returned a verdict of $8208 for the plaintiff.

Attorneys Scarlet and Jackson immediately filed reasons for a new trial.

An Appeal for Help.

The A. M. E. Church will hold a grand rally on Sunday, May 17, to raise $200 to finish paying off our endebtedness on the repairs. If we do not succeed in raising this amount of money by Monday May 18, we will loose our church. In the name of the Lord come to our relief.

Rev. Asques of Bellefonte will preach at 3 o'clock; Rev. Eveland of the M. E. Church and Rev. Kirkby of the Episcopal church, and other ministers of the town have been invited and will assist. Mr. Yetter's quartette will furnish the music for the occasion. All of the friends of the church are invited to attend and help us.

GLASCO CAMERON JOHN GREEN
ANTHONY ALEXANDER Trustees.
T. A. J. WEST, Pastor.

Boys who make Money after School Hours

Over 3000 Boys in various parts of the country are making money in their spare time selling *The Saturday Evening Post*. Some make as much as $10.00 and $15.00 a week. Any boy who reads this can do the same.

IN A DAINTY little booklet, which we will send to any boy free, the most successful of our boy agents tell in their own way just how they have made a success of selling

The Saturday Evening Post

There are many stories of real business tact. Pictures of the boys are given. Send for this booklet and we will forward with it full information how you can begin this work. No money required to start. We will send Ten Copies of the magazine the first week free. Write to-day.

The Curtis Publishing Company
485 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hartman's

Weekly Store News.

Something to tie to.

A man came to us recently with something that we knew every woman would be interested in, but he compelled us to take such a large supply in order to go way down to so small a price, but the price and the ribbon induced us to take the lot.

Now Listen.

Colors, white, cream, old rose, pink, light blue, nile, heliotrope, primrose, green, scarlet, cardinal, brown, navy, black. 100 pieces 3½ in. wide, yard 19 cents. 4½ in. wide, yard 25 cents.

Big city prices for the equal are 29 and 39 cents.

Not Before this Season.

Two dollars and fifty cents in one hand and five dollars in the other; then again there's four intermediate prices, all of which show equal savings in proportion.

Women's suits, sizes 32 to 38, black, navy and grey mixed cloths, not old styles but newest of this season, and the best.
$25 suits reduced to $20
$22 suits reduced to $18
$20 suits reduced to $10
17.50 suits reduced to 12.50
$15 suits reduced to 11.50
12.00 suits reduced to 10.00

The surest way to get one of these suits, as only one, two and three of a kind remain, is for you to come before the size you need and the style you like has been sold.

R. E. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RAILROAD MEN AT TOPEKA.

The closing meeting of the Railroad Men's Young Men's Christian Association Conference at Topeka, Kansas, packed the greatest auditorium in the state. The attendance was as great as on Friday evening, when President Roosevelt addressed the conference. On Sunday afternoon nearly 4,000 men packed the auditorium, when Fred B. Smith, International secretary conducted a religious service. In this meeting it is estimated that two hundred men enrolled themselves as Christians.

The 197 railroad Associations of North America sent 1,500 delegates. New England sent 138 men; Mexico, 4; Canada, 54. Denmark sent one man. The German government was represented by two specialists, and France instructed its representative to study and report the methods of the Young Men's Christian Association among railroad men The mileage traveled by the delegates exceeded 2,000,000. Free transportation was furnished by the railroad companies to all delegates, the value of which wonld be $60,000, and the concessions made by the Pullman Company would exceed $5,000. The Pennsylvania Railroad provided one of its best cars for a delegation of its men. The companies provided every facility to advance the convention, but in no case did they have a voice or a vote in the meeting. The companies have given over $1,000,000 for Association buildings, and contribute over $200,000 a year towards the current expenses, or about one-half of the amount spent. The employees have the full direction of the Associations.

Col. John J. McCook was president of the conference. President Stevens, of the C. & O. Railroad, General Manager Mudge, of the Santa Fe, and other officials took part in the discussions.

The delegates were from all positions in railroad service, from flagmen to engineers. They were chesty, vigorous men, who were accustomed to energetic action. They represented 50,000 members, about one-third of whom are related to the Roman Catholic Church. Religious differences were not mentioned, but religious life was the subject most enthusiastically discussed. Prominent among the delegates were engineers and conductors, who were effective evangelists, holding "between their runs" meeting with remarkable moral effect among railroad men.

An incident of the conference was the laying by the President of the corner-stone of the new Railroad Association building, now being erected at Topeka by the Santa Fe Railroad and its employees at a cost of $30,000. There were 10,000 people in attendance.

Among the reported developments of the past two years were the opening of Associations for street railroad men at Rochester and Brooklyn; the organization of an Association in the city of Mexico, and the developments in the Southwest, especially on the Gould lines, where there are now twelve Associations with buildings costing $120,000 and with 7,500 members.

Look Here.

Be sure to reserve your seat in the Opera House may 15, for the Alonzo Hatch Entertainment of 60 moving Pictures; and illustrated songs by Mr. Hatch and his two little bays. This is the geatest photographic and musical entertainment of the age. Admission 25c. and 35c. Diagram at Bidleman's open on Tuesday. Proceeds for the Lutheran Y. P. S. C. E.

No cracked collars at the Gem Steam Laundry. Try us.

G. A. R. Post No. 435.

The next meeting of Post No. 435 of Orangeville will be held on Saturday evening May 16. This will be an important meeting as final arrangements will be made for the Memorial Day exercises. The commander desires a large attendance and urges everyone to attend.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!

How many children are at this season feverish and constipated, with bad stomach and headache. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children will always cure. If worms are present they will certainly remove them. At all druggists. 25 cts Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 4-23 4t

The Strenuous Life.

Every day the system needs a certain quantity of nutrious matter to supply the deficiencies of the day before. The building up process must begin at the breakfast table. "It", the new cereal, tastes good and furnishes that material. A breakfast of "It" fits the entire body for the strenuous trials of the day. "It" is made of the best selected wheat. "It" has a taste to it. One dish makes you want another. You can eat "It" at any meal. At grocers everywhere. 2-12 1y

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot Ease,

A powder for the feet. It cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous Aching, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Ask to-day. 4-23 5t

The One Package Dye

in red printed wrappers, colors cotton, wool or silk in same bath. Sample 10c any color New Peerless Dyes, Elmira, N. Y

Do you want shoe Satisfaction?

If you do buy your shoes here.

Every shoe made for comfort and service.

Woman's Oxfords
1.50, 2.00, 2.50, and 3.00

Woman's Shoes
1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, and 3.50

W. L. Douglas
3.00, 3.50 and 4.00

SHOES FOR MEN.

W. H. MOORE,
Cor. Main and Iron Sts.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.